



Operator's Manual

SAE-400[®]



For use with machines having Code Numbers:

11605, 11807, 11966, 12311



Register your machine:

www.lincolnelectric.com/register

Authorized Service and Distributor Locator:

www.lincolnelectric.com/locator

Save for future reference

Date Purchased

Code: (ex: 10859)

Serial: (ex: U1060512345)

THANK YOU FOR SELECTING A QUALITY PRODUCT BY LINCOLN ELECTRIC.

PLEASE EXAMINE CARTON AND EQUIPMENT FOR DAMAGE IMMEDIATELY

When this equipment is shipped, title passes to the purchaser upon receipt by the carrier. Consequently, claims for material damaged in shipment must be made by the purchaser against the transportation company at the time the shipment is received.

SAFETY DEPENDS ON YOU

Lincoln arc welding and cutting equipment is designed and built with safety in mind. However, your overall safety can be increased by proper installation ... and thoughtful operation on your part. **DO NOT INSTALL, OPERATE OR REPAIR THIS EQUIPMENT WITHOUT READING THIS MANUAL AND THE SAFETY PRECAUTIONS CONTAINED THROUGHOUT.** And, most importantly, think before you act and be careful.



WARNING

This statement appears where the information must be followed exactly to avoid serious personal injury or loss of life.



CAUTION

This statement appears where the information must be followed to avoid minor personal injury or damage to this equipment.



KEEP YOUR HEAD OUT OF THE FUMES.

DON'T get too close to the arc. Use corrective lenses if necessary to stay a reasonable distance away from the arc.

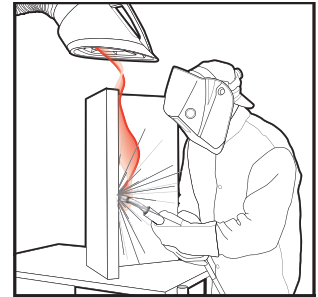
READ and obey the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) and the warning label that appears on all containers of welding materials.

USE ENOUGH VENTILATION or exhaust at the arc, or both, to keep the fumes and gases from your breathing zone and the general area.

IN A LARGE ROOM OR OUTDOORS, natural ventilation may be adequate if you keep your head out of the fumes (See below).

USE NATURAL DRAFTS or fans to keep the fumes away from your face.

If you develop unusual symptoms, see your supervisor. Perhaps the welding atmosphere and ventilation system should be checked.



WEAR CORRECT EYE, EAR & BODY PROTECTION

PROTECT your eyes and face with welding helmet properly fitted and with proper grade of filter plate (See ANSI Z49.1).

PROTECT your body from welding spatter and arc flash with protective clothing including woolen clothing, flame-proof apron and gloves, leather leggings, and high boots.

PROTECT others from splatter, flash, and glare with protective screens or barriers.

IN SOME AREAS, protection from noise may be appropriate.

BE SURE protective equipment is in good condition.

Also, wear safety glasses in work area **AT ALL TIMES.**



SPECIAL SITUATIONS

DO NOT WELD OR CUT containers or materials which previously had been in contact with hazardous substances unless they are properly cleaned. This is extremely dangerous.

DO NOT WELD OR CUT painted or plated parts unless special precautions with ventilation have been taken. They can release highly toxic fumes or gases.

Additional precautionary measures

PROTECT compressed gas cylinders from excessive heat, mechanical shocks, and arcs; fasten cylinders so they cannot fall.

BE SURE cylinders are never grounded or part of an electrical circuit.

REMOVE all potential fire hazards from welding area.

ALWAYS HAVE FIRE FIGHTING EQUIPMENT READY FOR IMMEDIATE USE AND KNOW HOW TO USE IT.



SECTION A: WARNINGS



CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 WARNINGS



WARNING: Breathing diesel engine exhaust exposes you to chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

- Always start and operate the engine in a well-ventilated area.
- If in an exposed area, vent the exhaust to the outside.
- Do not modify or tamper with the exhaust system.
- Do not idle the engine except as necessary.

For more information go to
www.P65warnings.ca.gov/diesel

WARNING: This product, when used for welding or cutting, produces fumes or gases which contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause birth defects and, in some cases, cancer. (California Health & Safety Code § 25249.5 *et seq.*)



WARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm
www.P65warnings.ca.gov

ARC WELDING CAN BE HAZARDOUS. PROTECT YOURSELF AND OTHERS FROM POSSIBLE SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH. KEEP CHILDREN AWAY. PACEMAKER WEARERS SHOULD CONSULT WITH THEIR DOCTOR BEFORE OPERATING.

Read and understand the following safety highlights. For additional safety information, it is strongly recommended that you purchase a copy of "Safety in Welding & Cutting - ANSI Standard Z49.1" from the American Welding Society, P.O. Box 351040, Miami, Florida 33135 or CSA Standard W117.2-1974. A Free copy of "Arc Welding Safety" booklet E205 is available from the Lincoln Electric Company, 22801 St. Clair Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio 44117-1199.

BE SURE THAT ALL INSTALLATION, OPERATION, MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR PROCEDURES ARE PERFORMED ONLY BY QUALIFIED INDIVIDUALS.



FOR ENGINE POWERED EQUIPMENT.

- 1.a. Turn the engine off before troubleshooting and maintenance work unless the maintenance work requires it to be running.
- 1.b. Operate engines in open, well-ventilated areas or vent the engine exhaust fumes outdoors.
- 1.c. Do not add the fuel near an open flame welding arc or when the engine is running. Stop the engine and allow it to cool before refueling to prevent spilled fuel from vaporizing on contact



with hot engine parts and igniting. Do not spill fuel when filling tank. If fuel is spilled, wipe it up and do not start engine until fumes have been eliminated.

- 1.d. Keep all equipment safety guards, covers and devices in position and in good repair. Keep hands, hair, clothing and tools away from V-belts, gears, fans and all other moving parts when starting, operating or repairing equipment.
- 1.e. In some cases it may be necessary to remove safety guards to perform required maintenance. Remove guards only when necessary and replace them when the maintenance requiring their removal is complete. Always use the greatest care when working near moving parts.
- 1.f. Do not put your hands near the engine fan. Do not attempt to override the governor or idler by pushing on the throttle control rods while the engine is running.
- 1.g. To prevent accidentally starting gasoline engines while turning the engine or welding generator during maintenance work, disconnect the spark plug wires, distributor cap or magneto wire as appropriate.
- 1.h. To avoid scalding, do not remove the radiator pressure cap when the engine is hot.



ELECTRIC AND MAGNETIC FIELDS MAY BE DANGEROUS



- 2.a. Electric current flowing through any conductor causes localized Electric and Magnetic Fields (EMF). Welding current creates EMF fields around welding cables and welding machines
- 2.b. EMF fields may interfere with some pacemakers, and welders having a pacemaker should consult their physician before welding.
- 2.c. Exposure to EMF fields in welding may have other health effects which are now not known.
- 2.d. All welders should use the following procedures in order to minimize exposure to EMF fields from the welding circuit:
 - 2.d.1. Route the electrode and work cables together - Secure them with tape when possible.
 - 2.d.2. Never coil the electrode lead around your body.
 - 2.d.3. Do not place your body between the electrode and work cables. If the electrode cable is on your right side, the work cable should also be on your right side.
 - 2.d.4. Connect the work cable to the workpiece as close as possible to the area being welded.
 - 2.d.5. Do not work next to welding power source.



ELECTRIC SHOCK CAN KILL.



- 3.a. The electrode and work (or ground) circuits are electrically “hot” when the welder is on. Do not touch these “hot” parts with your bare skin or wet clothing. Wear dry, hole-free gloves to insulate hands.
- 3.b. Insulate yourself from work and ground using dry insulation. Make certain the insulation is large enough to cover your full area of physical contact with work and ground.

In addition to the normal safety precautions, if welding must be performed under electrically hazardous conditions (in damp locations or while wearing wet clothing; on metal structures such as floors, gratings or scaffolds; when in cramped positions such as sitting, kneeling or lying, if there is a high risk of unavoidable or accidental contact with the workpiece or ground) use the following equipment:

- Semiautomatic DC Constant Voltage (Wire) Welder.
 - DC Manual (Stick) Welder.
 - AC Welder with Reduced Voltage Control.
- 3.c. In semiautomatic or automatic wire welding, the electrode, electrode reel, welding head, nozzle or semiautomatic welding gun are also electrically “hot”.
 - 3.d. Always be sure the work cable makes a good electrical connection with the metal being welded. The connection should be as close as possible to the area being welded.
 - 3.e. Ground the work or metal to be welded to a good electrical (earth) ground.
 - 3.f. Maintain the electrode holder, work clamp, welding cable and welding machine in good, safe operating condition. Replace damaged insulation.
 - 3.g. Never dip the electrode in water for cooling.
 - 3.h. Never simultaneously touch electrically “hot” parts of electrode holders connected to two welders because voltage between the two can be the total of the open circuit voltage of both welders.
 - 3.i. When working above floor level, use a safety belt to protect yourself from a fall should you get a shock.
 - 3.j. Also see Items 6.c. and 8.



ARC RAYS CAN BURN.



- 4.a. Use a shield with the proper filter and cover plates to protect your eyes from sparks and the rays of the arc when welding or observing open arc welding. Headshield and filter lens should conform to ANSI Z87.1 standards.
- 4.b. Use suitable clothing made from durable flame-resistant material to protect your skin and that of your helpers from the arc rays.
- 4.c. Protect other nearby personnel with suitable, non-flammable screening and/or warn them not to watch the arc nor expose themselves to the arc rays or to hot spatter or metal.



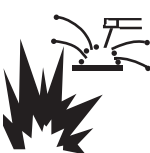
FUMES AND GASES CAN BE DANGEROUS.



- 5.a. Welding may produce fumes and gases hazardous to health. Avoid breathing these fumes and gases. When welding, keep your head out of the fume. Use enough ventilation and/or exhaust at the arc to keep fumes and gases away from the breathing zone. **When welding hardfacing (see instructions on container or SDS) or on lead or cadmium plated steel and other metals or coatings which produce highly toxic fumes, keep exposure as low as possible and within applicable OSHA PEL and ACGIH TLV limits using local exhaust or mechanical ventilation unless exposure assessments indicate otherwise. In confined spaces or in some circumstances, outdoors, a respirator may also be required. Additional precautions are also required when welding on galvanized steel.**
- 5.b. The operation of welding fume control equipment is affected by various factors including proper use and positioning of the equipment, maintenance of the equipment and the specific welding procedure and application involved. Worker exposure level should be checked upon installation and periodically thereafter to be certain it is within applicable OSHA PEL and ACGIH TLV limits.
- 5.c. Do not weld in locations near chlorinated hydrocarbon vapors coming from degreasing, cleaning or spraying operations. The heat and rays of the arc can react with solvent vapors to form phosgene, a highly toxic gas, and other irritating products.
- 5.d. Shielding gases used for arc welding can displace air and cause injury or death. Always use enough ventilation, especially in confined areas, to insure breathing air is safe.
- 5.e. Read and understand the manufacturer's instructions for this equipment and the consumables to be used, including the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) and follow your employer's safety practices. SDS forms are available from your welding distributor or from the manufacturer.
- 5.f. Also see item 1.b.



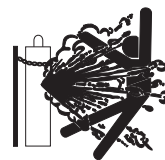
WELDING AND CUTTING SPARKS CAN CAUSE FIRE OR EXPLOSION.



- 6.a. Remove fire hazards from the welding area. If this is not possible, cover them to prevent the welding sparks from starting a fire. Remember that welding sparks and hot materials from welding can easily go through small cracks and openings to adjacent areas. Avoid welding near hydraulic lines. Have a fire extinguisher readily available.
- 6.b. Where compressed gases are to be used at the job site, special precautions should be used to prevent hazardous situations. Refer to "Safety in Welding and Cutting" (ANSI Standard Z49.1) and the operating information for the equipment being used.
- 6.c. When not welding, make certain no part of the electrode circuit is touching the work or ground. Accidental contact can cause overheating and create a fire hazard.
- 6.d. Do not heat, cut or weld tanks, drums or containers until the proper steps have been taken to insure that such procedures will not cause flammable or toxic vapors from substances inside. They can cause an explosion even though they have been "cleaned". For information, purchase "Recommended Safe Practices for the Preparation for Welding and Cutting of Containers and Piping That Have Held Hazardous Substances", AWS F4.1 from the American Welding Society (see address above).
- 6.e. Vent hollow castings or containers before heating, cutting or welding. They may explode.
- 6.f. Sparks and spatter are thrown from the welding arc. Wear oil free protective garments such as leather gloves, heavy shirt, cuffless trousers, high shoes and a cap over your hair. Wear ear plugs when welding out of position or in confined places. Always wear safety glasses with side shields when in a welding area.
- 6.g. Connect the work cable to the work as close to the welding area as practical. Work cables connected to the building framework or other locations away from the welding area increase the possibility of the welding current passing through lifting chains, crane cables or other alternate circuits. This can create fire hazards or overheat lifting chains or cables until they fail.
- 6.h. Also see item 1.c.
- 6.i. Read and follow NFPA 51B "Standard for Fire Prevention During Welding, Cutting and Other Hot Work", available from NFPA, 1 Batterymarch Park, PO box 9101, Quincy, MA 02269-9101.
- 6.j. Do not use a welding power source for pipe thawing.



CYLINDER MAY EXPLODE IF DAMAGED.



- 7.a. Use only compressed gas cylinders containing the correct shielding gas for the process used and properly operating regulators designed for the gas and pressure used. All hoses, fittings, etc. should be suitable for the application and maintained in good condition.
- 7.b. Always keep cylinders in an upright position securely chained to an undercarriage or fixed support.
- 7.c. Cylinders should be located:
 - Away from areas where they may be struck or subjected to physical damage.
 - A safe distance from arc welding or cutting operations and any other source of heat, sparks, or flame.
- 7.d. Never allow the electrode, electrode holder or any other electrically "hot" parts to touch a cylinder.
- 7.e. Keep your head and face away from the cylinder valve outlet when opening the cylinder valve.
- 7.f. Valve protection caps should always be in place and hand tight except when the cylinder is in use or connected for use.
- 7.g. Read and follow the instructions on compressed gas cylinders, associated equipment, and CGA publication P-1, "Precautions for Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Cylinders," available from the Compressed Gas Association, 14501 George Carter Way Chantilly, VA 20151.



FOR ELECTRICALLY POWERED EQUIPMENT.



- 8.a. Turn off input power using the disconnect switch at the fuse box before working on the equipment.
- 8.b. Install equipment in accordance with the U.S. National Electrical Code, all local codes and the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 8.c. Ground the equipment in accordance with the U.S. National Electrical Code and the manufacturer's recommendations.

Refer to
<http://www.lincolnelectric.com/safety>
for additional safety information.

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PARTS LIST	PARTS.LINCOLNELECTRIC.COM

Content/details may be changed or updated without notice. For most current Instruction Manuals, go to parts.lincolnelectric.com.

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS
SAE-400® (K1278-14)

INPUT - DIESEL ENGINE					
MAKE/MODEL	DESCRIPTION	SPEED (RPM)	DISPLACEMENT	STARTING SYSTEM	CAPACITIES
PERKINS 1104A-44 DIESEL NOT EPA TIER II COMPLIANT EXPORT ONLY	4 CYLINDER 64.4 HP @ 1710 RPM	HIGH IDLE 1800 LOW IDLE 1100 FULL LOAD 1725	269 CU. IN (4.4 L) BORE X STROKE 4.13" X 5.00" (105.0 MM X 127.0MM)	12VDC BATTERY & STARTER	FUEL: 22.5 GAL.
					OIL: 10.1 QTS. 9.6 L
					COOLANT: 3.41GAL. 2.8 L

RATED OUTPUT - WELDER		
DUTY CYCLE ⁽¹⁾	WELDING OUTPUT	VOLTS AT RATED AMPS
35% (NEMA)	500 AMPS	40 VOLTS
*60% (NEMA)	500 AMPS	40 VOLTS
100% (NEMA)	400 AMPS	36 VOLTS
100% (LINCOLN PLUS)	400 AMPS	40 VOLTS

OUTPUT - WELDER AND GENERATOR		
WELDING RANGE	OPEN CIRCUIT VOLTAGE	AUXILIARY POWER
80 - 575 AMPS	97 MAX. OCV @ 1800 RPM	115/230 VAC 3000 WATTS, 60 HZ. 100% DUTY CYCLE

RECEPTACLES AND CIRCUIT BREAKERS	
RECEPTACLES	AUXILIARY POWER CIRCUIT BREAKER
1 - 115VAC DUPLEX NEMA (5-20R)-GFCI PROTECTED 1 - 115VAC EUROPEAN (IEC-309)-GFCI PROTECTED 1 - 230VAC DUPLEX 1 - 230VAC EUROPEAN (IEC-309)	1 - 20 AMP FOR 115VAC DUPLEX NEMA 1 - 15 AMP FOR 115VAC EUROPEAN (IEC-309) 1 - 15 AMP (2 -POLE) FOR 230 V DUPLEX AND EUROPEAN (IEC-309)

PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS			
HEIGHT	WIDTH	DEPTH	WEIGHT
50.13 IN. 1273.3 MM	28.00 IN. 711.2 MM	83.00 IN. 2108.2 MM	2157LBS. 978.4KG

(1) Based on a 10 minute period.

* For Codes 11807 and higher.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Read this entire installation section before you start installation.

Do not attempt to use this equipment until you have thoroughly read all operating and maintenance manuals supplied with your machine. They include important safety precautions, detailed engine starting, operating and maintenance instructions and parts lists.



WARNING

ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill.

- Do not touch electrically live parts such as output terminals or internal wiring.
- Insulate yourself from the work and ground.



Always wear dry insulating gloves.

ENGINE EXHAUST can kill.

- Use in open, well ventilated areas or vent exhaust outside
- Do not stack anything near the engine.



MOVING PARTS can injure.

- Do not operate with doors open or guards off.
- Stop engine before servicing.
- Keep away from moving parts



Only qualified personnel should install, use or service this equipment

LOCATION/VENTILATION

The welder should be located to provide an unrestricted flow of clean, cool air to the cooling air inlets and to avoid restricting the cooling air outlets. Also, locate the welder so that the engine exhaust fumes are properly vented to an outside area.



CAUTION

DO NOT MOUNT OVER COMBUSTIBLE SURFACES

Where there is a combustible surface directly under stationary or fixed electrical equipment, that surface should be covered with a steel plate at least .06”(1.6mm) thick, which should extend not less than 5.90(150mm) beyond the equipment on all sides.

STACKING

These machines cannot be stacked.

ANGLE OF OPERATION

To achieve optimum engine performance the machine should be run in a level position. The maximum angle of operation for the Perkins engine is 30 degrees in all directions. If the engine is to be operated at an angle, provisions must be made for checking and maintaining the oil level at the normal (FULL) oil capacity in the engine crankcase. When operating the welder at an angle, the effective fuel capacity will be slightly less than the specified 22.5 gallons.

LIFTING

The equipment lift bail should be used to lift the machine.



WARNING

FALLING EQUIPMENT can cause injury.

- Lift only with equipment of adequate lifting capacity.
- Be sure machine is stable when lifting.
- Do not lift this machine using lift bail if it is equipped with a heavy accessory such as a trailer or gas cylinder.
- Do not lift machine if lift bail is damaged.
- Do not operate machine while suspended from lift bail.



HIGH ALTITUDE OPERATION

At higher altitudes, output derating may be necessary. As a rule of thumb, derate the welder output 5% for every 500 meters (1640 ft.) above 1000 meters (3280 ft.).

Contact a Perkins Service Representative for any engine adjustments that may be required for high altitude operation.

TOWING

The recommended trailers for use with this equipment for in-plant and yard towing by a vehicle⁽¹⁾ are Lincoln Electric K2641-2 and K2637-2. The K2637-2 is also designed to be used at highway speeds⁽¹⁾. If the user adapts a non-Lincoln trailer, he must assume responsibility that the method of attachment and usage does not result in a safety hazard nor damage the welding equipment. Some of the factors to be considered are as follows:

1. Design capacity of trailer vs. weight of Lincoln Electric equipment and likely additional attachments.
2. Proper support of, and attachment to, the base of the welding equipment so that there will be no undue stress to the trailer's framework.
3. Proper placement of the equipment on the trailer to insure stability side to side and front to back when being moved and when standing by itself.
4. Typical conditions of use, such as travel speed, roughness of surface on which the trailer will be operated, and environmental conditions.
5. Proper preventative maintenance of trailer.
6. Conformance with federal, state and local laws.⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ For highway use, consult applicable federal, state and local laws regarding specific requirements for use on public highways, such as brakes, lights, fenders, etc.

VEHICLE MOUNTING

WARNING

Improperly mounted concentrated loads may cause unstable vehicle handling and tires or other components to fail.

- Only transport this equipment on serviceable vehicles which are rated and designed for such loads.
 - Distribute, balance and secure loads so vehicle is stable under conditions of use.
 - Do not exceed maximum rated loads for components such as suspension, axles and tires.
 - Mount equipment base to metal bed or frame of vehicle.
 - Follow vehicle manufacturer's instruction.
-

PRE-OPERATION ENGINE SERVICE

READ the engine operating and maintenance instructions supplied with this machine.

ENGINE OIL

The engine is shipped with the engine crankcase filled with high quality SAE 10W-30 oil (API class CD or better). Check the oil level before starting the engine. If it is not up to the full mark on the dip stick, add oil as required. Check the oil level every four hours of running time during the first 35 running hours. Refer to the engine Operator's Manual for specific oil recommendations and break-in information. The oil change interval is dependent on the quality of the oil and the operating environment. Refer to the engine Operator's Manual for the proper service and maintenance intervals.

⚠ WARNING**DIESEL FUEL can cause fire.**

- Stop engine while fueling.
- Do not smoke when fueling.
- Keep sparks and flame away from tank.
- Do not leave unattended while fueling.
- Wipe up spilled fuel and allow fumes to clear before starting engine.
- Do not overfill tank, fuel expansion may cause overflow.

**DIESEL FUEL ONLY**

Fill the fuel tank with clean, fresh diesel fuel. The capacity of the fuel tank is 22.5 gallons (85.1 liters). See engine Operator's Manual for specific fuel recommendations.

Note: Before starting the engine, be sure the fuel shutoff valve is in the open position.

ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM

The cooling system has been filled at the factory with a 50-50 mixture of ethylene glycol antifreeze and water. Check the radiator level and add a 50-50 solution as needed. (See Engine Manual or antifreeze container for alternate antifreeze recommendation.)

ENGINE BREAK-IN PERIOD

Lincoln Electric selects high quality, heavy-duty industrial engines for the portable welding machines we offer. While it is normal to see a small amount of crankcase oil consumption during initial operation, excessive oil use, wet stacking (oil or tar like substance at the exhaust port), or excessive smoke is not normal.

Larger machines with a capacity of 350 amperes and higher, which are operated at low or no-load conditions for extended periods of time are especially susceptible to the conditions described above. To accomplish successful engine break-in, most diesel-powered equipment needs only to be run at a reasonably heavy load within the rating of the welder for some period of time during the engine's early life. However, if the welder is subjected to extensive light loading, occasional moderate to heavy loading of the engine may sometimes be necessary. Caution must be observed in correctly loading a diesel/generator unit.

1. Connect the welder output studs to a suitable resistive load bank. Note that any attempt to short the output studs by connecting the welding leads together, direct shorting of the output studs, or connecting the output leads to a length of steel will result in catastrophic damage to the generator and voids the warranty.
2. Set the welder controls for an output current and voltage within the welder rating and duty cycle. Note that any attempt to exceed the welder rating or duty cycle for any period of time will result in catastrophic damage to the generator and voids the warranty.
3. Periodically shut off the engine and check the crankcase oil level.

BATTERY CONNECTION**⚠ WARNING**

- Use caution as the electrolyte is a strong acid that can burn skin and damage eyes.
- Remove and discard the insulating cap from the negative battery terminal. Attach and tighten negative battery cable terminal.

NOTE: This machine is furnished with a wet charged battery; if unused for several months, the battery may require a booster charge. Be careful to charge the battery with the correct polarity. Make sure that the battery is level while charging.

⚠ WARNING**Gases from battery can explode.**

Keep sparks, flame and cigarettes away from battery.

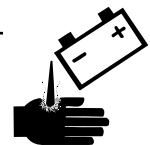


To prevent EXPLOSION when:

- **INSTALLING A NEW BATTERY** — disconnect negative cable from old battery first and connect to new battery last.
- **CONNECTING A BATTERY CHARGER** — remove battery from welder by disconnecting negative cable first, then positive cable and battery clamp. When reinstalling, connect negative cable last. Keep well ventilated.
- **USING A BOOSTER** — connect positive lead to battery first then connect negative lead to negative battery lead at the lower control panel support.

BATTERY ACID can burn eyes and skin.

- Wear gloves and eye protection and be careful when working near battery.
- Follow instructions printed on battery.

**IMPORTANT: To prevent ELECTRICAL DAMAGE WHEN:**

- a) Installing a new batterie.
- b) Using a booster.

Use correct polarity — Negative Ground.

To prevent BATTERY BUCKLING, tighten the nuts on battery until snug. DO NOT OVERTIGHTEN.

SPARK ARRESTER**⚠ WARNING**

- Spark Arrester and Muffler may be hot!
- Allow engine to cool before servicing spark arrester!
- Do not operate engine while servicing spark arrester!



Some federal, state or local laws may require that gasoline or diesel engines be equipped with exhaust spark arresters when they are operated in certain locations where unarrested sparks may present a fire hazard. The muffler included with this welder has been modified and now qualifies as a spark arrester. Spark arresting mufflers will have a clean out service plug and will have "USDA FS 5100-1c QUALIFIED SPARK ARRESTER" or "US FOREST SERVICE APPROVED" stamped on the muffler shell. Any spark arrester must be serviced and properly maintained.

⚠ CAUTION

An incorrect arrester may lead to damage to the engine or adversely affect performance.

WELDING OUTPUT CABLES

With the engine off, connect the electrode and work cables to the studs provided. These connections should be checked periodically and tightened if necessary.

Listed in Table A.1 are copper cable sizes recommended for the rated current and duty cycle. Lengths stipulated are the distance from the welder to work and back to the welder again. Cable sizes are increased for greater lengths primarily for the purpose of minimizing cable voltage drop.

TABLE A.1 COMBINED LENGTH OF ELECTRODE AND WORK CABLES.

	TOTAL COMBINED LENGTH OF ELECTRODE AND WORK CABLES		
AMPS @60% DUTY CYCLE	UP TO 100FT. UP TO 31M	100-200FT. 31-61M	200-250FT. 61-76M
400	2/0 AWG	3/0 AWG	4/0 AWG

MACHINE GROUNDING

Because this portable engine driven welder creates its own power, it is not necessary to connect its frame to an earth ground, unless the machine is connected to premises wiring (home, shop, etc.).

To prevent dangerous electric shock, other equipment powered by this engine driven welder must:

- be grounded to the frame of the welder using a grounded type plug, **or**
- be double insulated.

When this welder is mounted on a truck or trailer, its frame must be securely connected to the metal frame of the vehicle. When this engine driven welder is connected to premises wiring such as that in a home or shop, its frame must be connected to the system earth ground. See the article on grounding in the latest U.S. National Electrical Code and the local code.

In general, if the machine is to be grounded, it should be connected with a #8 or larger copper wire to a solid earth ground such as a metal water pipe going into the ground for at least ten feet and having no insulated joints, or to the metal framework of a building which has been effectively grounded. The U.S. National Electrical Code lists a number of alternate means of grounding electrical equipment. A machine grounding stud marked with the  symbol is provided on the welding generator frame foot.

OPERATION

Read this entire installation section before you start installation.

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

WARNING

Do not attempt to use this equipment until you have thoroughly read all operating and maintenance manuals supplied with your machine. They include important safety precautions, detailed engine starting, operating and maintenance instructions and parts lists.

ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill.

- Do not touch electrically live parts or electrodes with your skin or wet clothing.
- Insulate yourself from the work and ground.
- Always wear dry insulating gloves.
- Do not use AC welder if your clothing, gloves or work area is damp or if working on, under or inside workpiece.



Use the following equipment:

- Semiautomatic DC constant voltage (wire) welder.
- DC manual (stick) welder.
- AC welder with reduced voltage control.

ARC RAYS can injure eyes and burn skin.

Wear eye, ear, and body protection.



- Only qualified personnel should install, use or service this equipment.
- Consult instruction manual before operating.



Before operating, read and understand the manufacturers instructions for this equipment and the consumables to be used including the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) and follow your employer's safety practices.

FUMES AND GASES can be dangerous to your health.

- Keep your head out of fumes.
- Use enough ventilation or exhaust at the arc, or both, to keep the fumes and gases from your breathing zone and general area.



WELDING SPARKS can cause fire or explosion.

- Do not weld near flammable material.
- Do not weld on containers that have held flammable material.



MOVING PARTS can injure.

- Keep away from moving parts
- Do not operate with doors open or guards off.
- Stop engine before servicing.



ENGINE EXHAUST can kill.

- Use in open, well ventilated areas or vent exhaust outside.



ADDITIONAL SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Always operate the welder with the hinged doors closed as these provide maximum protection from moving parts and insure proper cooling air flow.

Read carefully the Safety Precautions page in the Instruction Manual before operating this machine. Always follow these and any other safety procedures included in this manual and in the engine instruction manuals.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The SAE-400® is a diesel engine driven welding power source. The machine uses a DC generator for DC stick electrode welding and an AC exciter for 115/230 VAC auxiliary power. As a generator it can supply up to 3,000 watts of 115/230 volt AC power. As a welder it provides up to 575 amps of DC constant current output.

The engine 1104A-44 is a 64.4 Hp @ 1710 RPM (48kw), 4-cylinder water cooled diesel made by Perkins.

RECOMMENDED APPLICATIONS

WELDER

The SAE-400® provides excellent constant current DC welding output for stick (SMAW) welding. The field installed optional CV Adapter (K385-[]) provides up to 500 amps at 35 volts of constant voltage output for semiautomatic welding.

AUXILIARY POWER

The SAE-400® provides 3 KW of 115/230 VAC output for auxiliary power and emergency standby power.

DESIGN FEATURES AND ADVANTAGES

FOR STICK WELDING

- Excellent DC constant current output for stick welding applications.
- Continuous adjustment of both voltage and current for unsurpassed welds on demanding jobs.
- Remote control capability standard.

FOR AUXILIARY POWER

- 3,000 watts of 115/230VAC, 60 Hz auxiliary power.
- One 20 amp 115VAC duplex receptacle.
- One 15 amp, 230VAC duplex receptacle for up to 13 amps of 230VAC power.
- One 115VAC (European IEC-309) 16 amp receptacle.
- One 230VAC (European IEC-309) 15 amp receptacle.
- Weld and AC auxiliary power at the same time (within the limits shown on the chart below).

Welding Current, Amps @ NEMA Arc Volts	Using Only 115V Circuit, Amps	Using Only 230V Circuit, Amps	Total Aux. kVA
0	26	13	3.0
100	19.5	9.75	2.25
200	13	6.5	1.5
300	6.5	3.25	0.75
400	0	0	0
500	0	0	0

OTHER FEATURES

- Perkins 4-cylinder, water cooled diesel engine. Designed for long life, easy maintenance and excellent fuel economy.
- Engine protection system shuts the engine down for low engine oil pressure or high coolant temperature.
- Electronic Engine Idler. Engine automatically goes to low idle in 10 to 14 seconds after welding or use of auxiliary power stops. Includes high idle switch.
- Gauges for engine oil pressure, coolant temperature and battery charging ammeter.
- Engine hour meter / fuel gauge standard (code 12311).
- Engine hour meter standard (Code 11605, 11807, 11966)
- Extended range 22.5 gallon (85.1 L) fuel tank.

DUTY CYCLE

Duty cycle is the percentage of time the load is being applied in a 10 minute period. For example a 60% duty cycle, represents 6 minutes of load and 4 minutes of no load in a 10 minute period.

ENGINE CONTROLS

IGNITION SWITCH

When placed in the "ON" position, this switch energizes the fuel solenoid. When placed in the "OFF" position, the flow of fuel to the injection pump is stopped to shut down the engine.

"IDLER" switch

The idler switch has two positions, "HIGH" and "AUTO".

When in "HIGH" () position, the engine will run continuously at high idle.

When in "AUTO" () idle position, the idler operates as follows:

a. Welding

When the electrode touches the work, the welding arc is initiated and the engine accelerates to full speed.

After welding ceases (and no auxiliary power is being drawn), the engine will return to low idle after approximately 10 to 14 seconds.

b. Auxiliary Power

With the engine running at low idle and auxiliary power for lights or tools is drawn (approximately 100-150 watts or greater) from the receptacles, the engine will accelerate to high speed. If no power is being drawn from the receptacles (and not welding) for 10-14 seconds, the idler reduces the engine speed to low idle.

ENGINE TEMPERATURE GAUGE

Displays the coolant temperature in the engine block.

ENGINE Oil Pressure Gauge

Displays the oil pressure to the engine. When the engine starts running, watch for the oil pressure to build up. If no pressure shows within 30 seconds, stop the engine and consult the engine instruction manual.

Battery Charging Ammeter

Displays the current going from the charging alternator into the batteries. It is normal for charging current to be high (above 15 amps) after starting or when the batteries are 'low' on charge.

Engine Hour Meter

The engine hour meter records the total running time on the engine in hours. It can be used to keep a record of maintenance on the engine and or welder.

For code 12311, the engine hour meter & engine fault indicator LED are built-in the fuel guage.

Engine Protection System

The engine protection system shuts down the engine under high coolant temperature or low engine oil pressure conditions by allowing the fuel solenoid valve to close.

WELDER CONTROLS

POLARITY SWITCH

Turn the Arc Polarity switch to electrode positive or electrode negative as required for each particular application.

CONTROL OF WELDING CURRENT

Purpose of Controls

The continuous "Current Control" is the main current adjuster. The "Job Selector" is both a fine current adjuster and the continuous Open Circuit Voltage adjuster. Open Circuit Voltage (OCV) controls the arc characteristics.

"Job Selector"

The "Job Selector" dial is divided into four colored sections providing OCV ranges as follows:

COLOR	TITLE	OCV RANGE
White	Large Electrodes	High OCV
Black	Normal Welding	Medium OCV
Red	Overhead & Vertical	Low OCV
Grey	Special Applications	3.25Extra-Low OCV

The "Job Selector" is usually set in the black range because it provides a soft "Buttering" arc desired for most welding. Some operators prefer to set the "Job Selector" in the red range for a snappy "Digging" arc when welding vertical up or overhead.

CURRENT CONTROL



CAUTION

Do not adjust the "Current Control" while welding because this can damage the control.

The "Current Control" dial is calibrated in amperes on three separate colored dials corresponding to the white, black and red ranges of the "Job Selector" dial. For example: when the "Job Selector" is set on the black range, the approximate welding current is indicated on the black scale of the "Current Control" dial.

How to Set the Controls

Assume you want a normal soft arc and about 135 amps, using a 5/32" (4.0 mm) electrode:

1. Set the "Job Selector" at the center of the black range.
2. Set the "Current Control" to read 135 amps on the black dial.
3. Start to weld.
4. If you want a little more current, turn the "Job Selector" up (counterclockwise) to increase current. If you want a little less current, turn the "Job Selector" down (clockwise) to decrease current.
5. If dialing the desired current with the "Job Selector" moves the setting outside the black range causing undesirable arc characteristics, turn the "Job Selector" back to the center of the black range. Then turn the "Current Control" up or down a little as needed. Readjust the "Job Selector" for the exact characteristics and current desired.

REMOTE CONTROL

A receptacle and "Local/Remote" control switch is located on the lower front control panel. A remote control box with 100 ft. (30.5 m) of cord for adjusting the OCV at the welding site is available. Putting the switch in the "REMOTE" position allows fine current control at the remote control box while placing the switch in the "LOCAL" position allows fine current control at the "Job Selector" on the machine. When using the optional field installed CV adapter (K385-[]) the "Local/Remote" switch is only active in the "VV" mode.

AUXILIARY POWER CONTROLS

115 VAC Receptacle

One 20 amp, 115VAC (5-20R) NEMA duplex receptacle provides 115VAC for auxiliary power. Maximum current is 20 amps total.

One 115V (European IEC-309) 16 amp receptacle. IP44 rated.

230VAC Receptacle

One 15 amp, 230VAC duplex receptacle provides 230 VAC for auxiliary power. A total of 13 amps can be drawn from this receptacle.

One 230V (European IEC-309) 15 amp receptacle. IP44 rated.

Circuit Breakers

2 pole 15 amp rated provides overload protection for the 230VAC (European IEC-309) receptacle and the 230VAC duplex receptacle.

Single pole 15 amp rated provides overload protection for the 115VAC (European IEC-309) receptacle.

Single pole 15 amp rated provides overload protection for the 115VAC (5-20R) NEMA duplex receptacle.

GFCI (Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter):

- Protects both 115VAC auxiliary power receptacles.
- If the GFCI is tripped, see the Maintenance Section for detailed information on testing and resetting the GFCI.

The GFCI (Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter) electrical receptacle is a device to protect against electric shock should a piece of defective equipment connected to it develop a ground fault. If this situation should occur, the GFCI will trip, removing voltage from the output of the receptacle. If the GFCI is tripped see the MAINTENANCE section for detailed information on testing and resetting it. The GFCI should be properly tested at least once every month.

The 115V auxiliary power receptacles should only be used with three wire grounded type plugs or approved double insulated tools with two wire plugs. The current rating of any plug used with the system must be at least equal to the current capacity of the associated receptacle.

RESIDUAL CURRENT DEVICE

The SAE-400® is configured to allow for the addition of a Residual Current Device (RCD) to protect the 240V Single Phase Receptacle. The lower Control Panel has a rectangular cut-out to accept a typical 2-pole RCD along with a protective rubber boot. A cover plate a label "RCD READY" covers the rectangular cut-out, and secures a mounting bracket on the backside of the panel.

Note: The (RCD) should be rated for at least 15 amps.

There are many suppliers of RCD's. One example is Clipsal, part number 4RC225/30.

The protective boot can be obtained from:

APM-Hexseal, part number HE-1035.

See Section F Diagrams of this Operator's Manual for instructions on installing an RCD and protective rubber boot.

Ground Stud

Provides a connection point for connecting the machine to earth ground. For the safest grounding procedure refer to "Machine Grounding" in the INSTALLATION section of this manual.

ENGINE OPERATION

WARNING

Do not attempt to use this equipment until you have thoroughly read the engine manufacturer's manual supplied with your welder. It includes important safety precautions, detailed engine starting, operating and maintenance instructions, and parts lists.

ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill.

- Do not touch electrically live parts or electrode with skin or wet clothing.
- Insulate yourself from work and ground
- Always wear dry insulating gloves.



ENGINE EXHAUST can kill.

- Use in open, well ventilated areas or vent exhaust outside.



MOVING PARTS can injure.

- Do not operate with doors open or guards off.
- Stop engine before servicing.
- Keep away from moving parts.



See additional warning information at the front of this operator's manual.

For added safety always operate the welder with the doors closed. Further, leaving the doors open changes the designed air flow and may cause engine, generator overheating.

CAUTION

Do not adjust the high idle engine speed (rpm) above the factory setting specification as this will void warranty.

STARTING INSTRUCTIONS

Be sure all Pre-Operation Maintenance has been performed. (See INSTALLATION section of this manual).

1. Turn the "IDLER" switch to "HIGH".
2. Turn the "IGNITION" switch to "ON".
3. Press the Glow Plug button for 20 to 30 seconds. (maximum 60 seconds).
4. Press the Glow Plug and the Start button at the same time. When the engine starts running, release both buttons. If the engine fails to start in 20 seconds, wait 30 seconds and repeat the above procedure.
5. Observe the oil pressure. If no pressure shows within 30 seconds, stop the engine and consult the engine operating manual. To stop the engine, turn the "IGNITION" switch to "OFF".
6. If the engine protection warning light comes on during cranking or after start up, the "IGNITION" switch must be turned "OFF" to reset the engine protection system.
7. Allow the engine to run at high idle speed for several minutes to warm the engine. Stop the engine and recheck the oil level, after allowing sufficient time for the oil to drain into the pan. If the level is down, fill it to the full mark again. The engine controls were properly set at the factory and should require no adjusting when received.

WARNING

COLD WEATHER STARTING:

Under NO conditions should ether or other starting fluids be used!

With a fully charged battery and the proper weight oil, the engine should start satisfactorily even down to about -5°F (-20°C), it maybe desirable to install cold-starting aides.

Note: Extreme cold weather staring may require longer glow plug operation.

STOPPING THE ENGINE

1. Turn the "IGNITION" switch to "OFF"

At the end of each day's welding, check the crankcase oil level, drain accumulated dirt and water from the water separator and refill the fuel tank to minimize moisture condensation in the tank. Also, running out of fuel tends to draw dirt into the fuel system.

When hauling the welder between job sites, close the fuel shut-off valve.

If the fuel supply is cut off or runs out while the fuel pump is operating, air may be entrapped in the fuel distribution system. If this happens, bleeding of the fuel system may be necessary. Use qualified personnel to do this per the instructions in the MAINTENANCE section of this manual.

TYPICAL FUEL CONSUMPTION

The typical fuel consumption of the SAE-400® for various operating scenarios is shown below:

PERKINS 1104A-44	
LOW IDLE - NO LOAD 1100 RPM	.26 GAL./ HR.(.97 L./HR.)
HIGH IDLE - NO LOAD 1800 RPM	.68 GAL./HR.(2.56 L./HR.)
WELDING LOAD 400 AMPS, 40 VOLTS	1.84 GAL./HR.(6.95 L./HR.)
WELDING LOAD 500 AMPS, 40 VOLTS	2.38 GAL./HR.(9.02 L./HR.)
AUXILIARY POWER 3000VA	.79 GAL./HR.(2.98 L./HR.)

ACCESSORIES

K930-2 TIG Module - Provides high frequency plus a gas valve for TIG welding. A water valve is available as an option. Requires 115 volt AC input. (Limited to 250A - 60% Duty Cycle).

K802-D Power Plug Kit - Kit includes male plug for 20 amp receptacle.

K2641-2 Trailer - FOUR-WHEEL STEERABLE YARD TRAILER WITH DUO-HITCH

- For off-road, plant and yard use with an overall width of 55 in.
- Includes an automatically engaging drawbar lock when the drawbar is raised to the vertical position.
- 13 in wheels with wheel bearings packed with high viscosity, high pressure, low washout Lubriplate® grease.
- Stiff 3/16 in welded rectangular steel frame construction is phosphate etched and powder coat painted for superior rust and corrosion resistance.
- Also includes a Duo-Hitch™ - a 2 in Ball/Lunette Eye combination hitch.

K2637-2 Trailer - A 2-wheel trailer designed for road(1), off road, in-plant and yard towing. Trailer mounts directly to welder base. Comes standard with a Duo-Hitch™, a 2" Ball and Lunette Eye combination hitch.

Order:

K2636-1 Trailer

K2639-1 Fender & Light Kit

K2640-1 Cable Storage Rack

1For highway use, consult applicable federal, state and local laws regarding possible requirements for brakes, lights, fenders, etc.

K704 Standard Accessory Kit - Includes electrode and work cables, headshield, work clamp and electrode holder.

K385-[] CV Adapter - Provides constant voltage output for semiautomatic welding. (Field installation only).

K1735-1 MULTI-WELD 350 - For multiple arcs from the DC output of a welding power source. See bulletin E5.300 for Multi-Weld 350 and distribution system.

K2144-1 Oil Drain Kit- Includes ball valve, hose and clamp.



WARNING

Pipe Thawing with an arc welder can cause fire, explosion, damage to electric wiring or to the arc welder if done improperly. The use of an arc welder for pipe thawing is not approved by the CSA, nor is it recommended or supported by Lincoln Electric.

MAINTENANCE



WARNING

ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill.

- Do not touch electrically live parts such as output terminals or internal wiring



ENGINE EXHAUST can kill.

- Use in open, well ventilated areas or vent exhaust outside



MOVING PARTS can injure.

- Do not operate with doors open or guards off
- Stop engine before servicing
- Keep away from moving parts



- Remove guards only when necessary and replace when work requiring removal is complete.
- Only qualified personnel should install, use, or service this equipment.

ROUTINE MAINTENANCE

At the end of each day's welding, refill the fuel tank to minimize moisture condensation in the tank. Also, running out of fuel tends to draw dirt into the fuel system. Check the engine crankcase oil levels.

If the fuel supply runs out while the fuel pump is operating, air may be entrapped in the fuel distribution system. If this happens, bleeding of the fuel system may be necessary. See the engine instruction manual.

ENGINE AIR FILTER

The engine air filter element is a dry cartridge type. It is located above the engine. It can be cleaned and re-used; however, damaged elements should not be washed or re-used. Remove loose dirt from element with compressed air or water hose directed from inside out. Compressed Air: 100 psi maximum. The filter should never be removed while the engine is running.

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

1. Blow out the welder and controls with an air hose at least once every two months. In particularly dirty locations, this cleaning may be necessary once a week. Use low pressure air to avoid driving dirt into the insulation.
2. The current control reactor brushes are self-lubricating and should not be greased. Keep the contacts clean. This control should be moved from maximum to minimum daily to prevent the controls from sticking.
3. See the engine Instruction Manual for periodic engine maintenance information. Change the crankcase oil at regular intervals using the proper grade of oil as recommended in the engine operating manual. Change the oil filter in accordance with the instructions in the engine operating manual. When the oil filter is changed add one quart of oil to the crankcase to replace the oil held in the filter during operation.
4. Belts tend to loosen after the first 30 or 40 hours of operation. Check the cooling fan belt and tighten if necessary. **DO NOT OVER TIGHTEN.**

Bearing Maintenance

(For Code 11605 only)

This welder is equipped with a double-shielded ball bearing having sufficient grease to last indefinitely under normal service. Where the welder is used constantly or in excessively dirty locations, it may be necessary to add one-half ounce of grease per year. A pad of grease one inch wide, one inch long and one inch high weighs approximately one-half ounce. Over greasing is far worse than insufficient greasing.

When greasing the bearings, keep all dirt out of the area. Wipe the fittings completely clean and use clean equipment. More bearing failures are caused by dirt introduced during greasing than from insufficient grease.

Commutator and Brush Maintenance

WARNING

Uncovered rotating equipment can be dangerous. Use care so your hands, hair, clothing or tools do not catch in the rotating parts. Protect yourself from particles that may be thrown out by the rotating armature when stoning the commutator.

The generator brushes are properly adjusted when the welder is shipped. They require no particular attention. DO NOT SHIFT THE BRUSHES or adjust the rocker setting.

Shifting of the brushes may result in:

- Change in machine output
- Commutator Damage
- Excessive brush wear

Periodically inspect the commutator, slip rings and brushes by removing the covers. DO NOT remove or replace these covers while the machine is running.

Commutators and slip rings require little attention. However, if they are black or appear uneven, have them cleaned by an experienced maintenance person using fine sandpaper or a commutator stone. Never use emery cloth or paper for this purpose.

NOTE: If the welder is used in dirty or dusty locations, or if the welder is not used for prolonged periods of time, it may be necessary to clean the commutator and slip rings more often.

Replace brushes when they wear within 1/4" of the pigtail. A complete set of replacement brushes should be kept on hand. Lincoln brushes have a curved face to fit the commutator. Have an experienced maintenance person seat these brushes by lightly stoning the commutator as the armature rotates at full speed until contact is made across the full face of the brushes. After stoning, blow out the dust with low pressure air.

To seat the slip ring brushes, position the brushes in place. Then slide one end of a piece of fine sandpaper between slip rings and brushes with the coarse side against the brushes. With slight additional finger pressure on top of the brushes, pull the sandpaper around the circumference of the rings, in direction of rotation only - until brushes seat properly. In addition, stone slip ring with a fine stone. Brushes must be seated 100%.

Arcing or excessive exciter brush wear indicates a possible misaligned shaft. Have an authorized Field Service Shop check and realign the shaft.

Cooling System

The SAE-400® is equipped with a pressure radiator. Keep the radiator cap tight to prevent loss of coolant. Clean and flush the cooling system periodically to prevent clogging the passage and overheating the engine. When antifreeze is needed, always use the permanent type.

Fuel Pre-Filter/Water Separator Assembly

WARNING

When working on the fuel system

- Keep unguarded lights away, do not smoke !
- Do not spill fuel !



The SAE-400® is equipped with a Fuel Pre-Filter/Water Separator Assembly located before the lift pump mounted to the engine block.

The assembly uses a 30 micron pre-filter/water separator element that is designed to protect against gross contamination of the final fuel filter. Using chemically treated paper media the element also provides maximum protection against water in the fuel. The assembly is also equipped with a see-through bowl for easy visual checking for water. The recommended change interval for the pre-filter/water separator element is 1,000 hours. See below for information on the see-through bowl and for the procedure for changing the element.

See-Through Bowl:

- Check the see-through bowl for water regularly. Water will collect at the bottom of the bowl and appears different from the fuel.

Note: The see-through bowl is re-usable.

1. Close the fuel shut-off valve.
2. Drain by opening the self venting drain valve and allowing all water to escape.
3. Close the drain valve and open the fuel shut-off valve.

Pre-Filter/Water Separator Element:

1. Close the fuel shutoff valve located under the fuel tank.
2. Rotate the quick change ring (located just below filterheader) clockwise approximately 1/2 turn and slide it down and off of the element.
3. Grasp the element and pull down with a slight rocking motion to remove the element from the grommet post on the bottom of the filter header.
4. Slide the new element onto the grommet post on the bottom of the filter header until the element no longer easily moves up into the filter header. Now rotate the element (may take almost 1 full turn) with a slight upward pressure until the element begins to further engage the header. With the proper orientation now established apply additional pressure to seat the element in the filter header. You should feel the element "pop" into place when properly seated.

Note: The element will only go on one way. Never use excessive force when mounting the element to the header.

5. Slide the quick change ring up over the element and rotate counter clockwise until an audible click or pop is heard. If you do not hear the click you have not rotated the ring far enough and the element is not in the locked position. Another indication that the ring is in the locked position is that one set (it doesn't matter which one) of arrows located on the outside of the ring should be located directly under the air vent valve.
6. Remove the see-through bowl from the old element and install on the new element.
7. Open the fuel shutoff valve.
8. Open the air vent valve on the front of the filter header until fuel emerges free of air bubbles and then close the air vent valve.

Note: Consult your engine operation manual for information on air bleeding the entire fuel system.

Engine and Maintenance components

ITEM	MAKE	PART NUMBER
Engine Air Filter	Donaldson	P822768
Fan Belt	Perkins	2614B555 043
Fuel Filter	Perkins	26560201
Engine Oil Filter	Perkins	2654407
Pre-Filter/Water Separator Element	Lincoln	M21584-B
	Stanadyne	39420 LE

SPARK ARRESTOR

WARNING

- **Spark Arrestor and Muffler may be hot!**
- **Allow engine to cool before servicing spark arrester!**
- **Do not operate engine while servicing spark arrester!**



SAE-400® with integral spark arresting mufflers:

Service spark arrester every 250 hours.

Service as follows:

1. Stop engine and allow to cool.
2. Remove clean out plug from side of spark arrester.
3. Without damaging the spark arrester, gently tap on the arrester shell near the clean out plug.
4. Once particles are removed, replace the clean out plug.

GFCI Testing AND RESETTING Procedure

The GFCI should be properly tested at least once every month or whenever it is tripped. To properly test and reset the GFCI:

- If the GFCI has tripped, first carefully remove any load and check it for damage.
- If the equipment has been shut down, it must be restarted.
- The equipment needs to be operating at high idle speed and any necessary adjustments made on the control panel so that the equipment is providing at least 80 volts to the receptacle input terminals.
- The circuit breaker for this receptacle must not be tripped. Reset if necessary.
- Push the "Reset" button located on the GFCI. This will assure normal GFCI operation.
- Plug a night-light (with an "ON/OFF" switch) or other product (such as a lamp) into the Duplex receptacle and turn the product "ON".
- Push the "Test" button located on the GFCI. The night-light or other product should go "OFF".
- Push the "Reset" button, again. The light or other product should go "ON" again.

If the light or other product remains "ON" when the "Test" button is pushed, the GFCI is not working properly or has been incorrectly installed (miswired). If your GFCI is not working properly, contact a qualified, certified electrician who can assess the situation, rewire the GFCI if necessary or replace the device.

TROUBLESHOOTING

WARNING

Service and Repair should only be performed by Lincoln Electric Factory Trained Personnel. Unauthorized repairs performed on this equipment may result in danger to the technician and machine operator and will invalidate your factory warranty. For your safety and to avoid Electrical Shock, please observe all safety notes and precautions detailed throughout this manual.

This Troubleshooting Guide is provided to help you locate and repair possible machine malfunctions. Simply follow the three-step procedure listed below.

Step 1. LOCATE PROBLEM (SYMPTOM).

Look under the column labeled "PROBLEM (SYMPTOMS)." This column describes possible symptoms that the machine may exhibit. Find the listing that best describes the symptom that the machine is exhibiting.

Step 2. POSSIBLE CAUSE.

The second column labeled "POSSIBLE CAUSE" lists the obvious external possibilities that may contribute to the machine symptom.

Step 3. RECOMMENDED COURSE OF ACTION

This column provides a course of action for the Possible Cause, generally it states to contact your local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility.

If you do not understand or are unable to perform the Recommended Course of Action safely, contact your local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility.

Observe all additional Safety Guidelines detailed throughout this manual.

CAUTION

If for any reason you do not understand the test procedures or are unable to perform the tests/repairs safely, contact your **Local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility** for technical troubleshooting assistance before you proceed.

Observe all Safety Guidelines detailed throughout this manual

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	RECOMMENDED COURSE OF ACTION
Machine fails to hold the "heat" constantly.	1. Rough or dirty commutator.	1. True and clean commutator. Justment have been checked and the problem persists, Contact your local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility.
	2. Brushes may be worn down to limit of life.	2. Replace brushes.
	3. Brush springs may be broken.	3. Replace brush springs.
	4. Field circuit may have variable resistance connections or intermittent open circuit, due to loose connections or broken wire.	4. Check field current with ammeter to discover varying current. This applies to both the main generator and exciter.
	5. Electrode or work lead connections may be poor.	5. Tighten all connections.
	6. Wrong grade of brushes may be installed on generator.	6. Use only the recommended Lincoln brushes.
	7. Field rheostat may be making poor contact and overheating.	7. Inspect and clean rheostat.
	8. "Current Control" may not be operating properly.	8. Check for loose or missing set screw in control handles.
	9. "Current Control" brush holder contact springs may be worn out or missing. Contact surface may be dirty, rough and pitted.	9. Inspect. Replace needed parts. Clean internal contact surface of control device. Do not lubricate. Smooth rough surfaces.
	10. "Current Control" brush holder support stud and mating contact surfaces may be dirty or pitted and burned.	10. If brush holder internal contact surface is pitted and burned, replace the brush holder and support stud. If the contact surface is dirty, clean off the brush holder stud and internal contact surface. Apply mixture of three parts silicone grease and one part zinc powder (by weight) to stud.
	11. Engine running at varying speeds.	11. Set welder controls for maximum output and weld. Then, while welding, check engine rpm. The engine should be running at full speed. If indicator shows a significant difference, consult your engine manual.

CAUTION

If for any reason you do not understand the test procedures or are unable to perform the tests/repairs safely, contact your **Local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility** for technical troubleshooting assistance before you proceed.

Observe all Safety Guidelines detailed throughout this manual

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	RECOMMENDED COURSE OF ACTION
Welder runs but fails to generate current.	1. Generator or exciter brushes may be loose or missing.	1. Be sure that all brushes bear on the commutator and have proper spring tension.
	2. Exciter may not be operating.	2. Check exciter output voltage with voltmeter or lamp.
	3. Field circuit of generator or exciter may be open.	3. Check for open circuits in rheostat, field leads and field coils. Also check resistors.
	4. Polarity reversing switch may be in the neutral position.	4. Put handle in positive or negative position.
	5. Exciter may have lost excitation.	5. Check components and continuity in flashing circuit.
Welding arc is loud and spatters excessively.	1. Series field circuit may be open circuited.	1. Check circuit with ringer or voltmeter.
	2. Current setting may be too high.	2. Check setting and current output with ammeter.
	3. Polarity may be wrong.	3. Check polarity. Try reversing polarity or try an electrode of the opposite polarity.
Welding current too great or too small compared to indication on the dial.	1. "Current Control" shaft and handle may have turned slightly in the insulated bushing of the current control brush holder, caused by turning handle too hard against one of the stops.	1. With current control against the minimum stop, set pointer to within 1/8" of the last scale division.
	2. Exciter output low causing low output compared to dial indication.	2. Check for shorts in exciter armature with growler.
	3. "Current Control" set to minimum and welder output so great that engine stalls when arc is struck.	3. Check to see that series field is properly connected and not shorted.
Welder has output and no control	1. Local/Remote switch is in wrong position.	1. Place switch in "LOCAL" position to control output at the welder. Place switch in "REMOTE" position to control output remotely.
No auxiliary power	1. Circuit Breakers open.	1. Check and reset breakers. If breakers keep tripping check connections to auxiliary receptacles. Also make sure load does not exceed receptacle's current rating.
	2. Faulty connections to auxiliary receptacles.	2. Check connections.
	3. If the GFCI tripped. (See Maintenance Section).	3. Follow "GFCI Testing and Resetting Procedure" in the MAINTENANCE section of this manual.

CAUTION

If for any reason you do not understand the test procedures or are unable to perform the tests/repairs safely, contact your **Local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility** for technical troubleshooting assistance before you proceed.

Index of Sub Assemblies - 12311

KEY	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
	P-909-A	Index of Sub Assemblies	AR
	P-909-B.2	Miscellaneous Items	AR
1	P-909-C	Final Assembly	AR
2	P-909-D	Engine Assembly	AR
3	P-909-E	Generator-Alternator Assembly	AR
4	P-909-F	Lower Control Panel Assembly	AR
5	P-909-G	Control Panel Assembly	AR
6	P-909-H	Left Gas Tank Rail & Output Panel	AR
7	P-909-J	Remote Control	AR
8	P-909-K	Generator Brush Holder	AR

Miscellaneous Items

KEY	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
	9SS14232	COUPLING CLAMP RING-OUTSIDE	1
	9SS14233	COUPLING CLAMP RING-INSIDE	1
	9SM6730	COUPLING DISC	1
	9SS8042	COUPLING DISC BACKING PLATE	2
	9ST8833-2	HEX HD CAP SCREW	8
	9SE106A-8	LOCKWASHER	8
	9SM22450-1	BLOWER SEGMENT ASSEMBLY	4
	9SS9262-180	PLAIN WASHER	8
	9ST8833-1	HEX HD CAP SCREW	8
	9SE106A-8	LOCKWASHER	8
	9SL2286-34	LEAD	1
	9SCF000021	1/2-13X1.00HHCS	2
	9SE106A-15	LOCKWASHER	2
	9SCF000027	1/2-13HN	2
	9ST10114	1/2-13BR-HJN	1
	9SS17472-1	REED SWITCH & LEAD ASBLY	1
	9SL2286-272	LEAD	1
	9SS9262-4	PLAIN WASHER	2
	9SE106A-4	LOCKWASHER	1
	9SCF000067	3/8-16HN	1
	9SS27368-6	LOGO DECAL	2
	9ST13086-62	DECAL-WARNING	2
	9SM16679	DECAL-WARNING	1
	9ST13086-26	DECAL	1
	9ST13260-4	DECAL-EARTH GROUND CONN	1
	9ST11030	DECAL-DOOROPEN-CLOSE	2
	9SM16197	DECAL-WARNING	1
	9SM17238	INSTRUCTION TAG	1
	9SS25896	DECAL-WARNING	1
	9SS26005	SERVICE DECAL	1
	9SM25498	Wiring Diagram	1
	9SM21436	CARBON MONOXIDE WARNING DECAL	1
	9SL16028	NAMEPLATE-UPPER CONTROL PANEL	1
	9ST14659-2	FASTENER BUTTON	4

Miscellaneous Items

KEY	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
	9SS29243	DECAL ENGINE CIRCUIT BREAKER	1

Miscellaneous Items

**NO IMAGE
AVAILABLE**

No Image

Final Assembly

KEY	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1	9SL5519-1	BASE WELDED ASBLY	1
3	9SS9563-4	RAIN CAP	1
	9SS17187-8	BATTERY CABLE	1
	9ST14815-5	METRIC HEX NUT-M10 X 1.5- BRASS	1
	9ST14815-4	METRIC HEX NUT-M5 X 0.8	1
	9SS18385-1	METRIC LOCKWASHER - M5	1
9	9SS17187-9	BATTERY CABLE	2
	9SCF000034	3/8-16X.75HHCS	1
	9SE106A-16	LOCKWASHER	4
	9SCF000067	3/8-16HN	4
	9SS8070-58	Battery Cable Jumper	1
	9SE106A-24	WASHER 5/16 LOCK (SS)	1
	9SCF000028	5/16-18X1.25HHCS	2
	9SCF000029	5/16-18HN	2
10	9SM9399-4	Battery	2
	9ST14654	CAP-PLASTIC	2
	9SS16931-4	BATTERY CLAMP BRACKET	1
	9ST8818-3	BATTERY CLAMP HOOK	2
	9SE106A-3	LOCKWASHER	2
	9SCF000029	5/16-18HN	2
11	9SM8237-13	REAR SUPPORT ASBLY	1
	9ST9860-4	LOCKWASHER	4
	9SS9225-28	THREAD FORMING SCREW	4
15	9SM8889-3	LIFT BALE ASBLY	1
	9ST8833-24	HEX HD CAP SCREW	4
	9SE106A-15	LOCKWASHER	1
	9SCF000027	1/2-13HN	1
17	9SS12934-2	COVER SEAL	1
18	9SM12005-6	SIDE RAIL	1
	9SCF000030	1/2-13X1.25HHCS	1
	9SS9262-1	PLAIN WASHER	1
	9SE106A-15	LOCKWASHER	1
	9SCF000027	1/2-13HN	1
	9SCF000030	1/2-13X1.25HHCS	1

Final Assembly

KEY	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
	9SE106A-15	LOCKWASHER	1
	9SCF000027	1/2-13HN	1
	9ST12287-20	CIRCUIT BREAKER-10A250VAC	1
20	9SL12684-1	FUEL TANK & RAIL ASBLY	1
	9SCF000071	3/8-16X2.00HHCS	4
	9SS9262-120	PLAIN WASHER	8
	9SE106A-16	LOCKWASHER	4
	9SCF000067	3/8-16HN	4
21	9SM21278	FUEL CAP AND GAUGE	1
	9SS10437-G	GASKET	1
23	9ST13777-5	HOSE CLAMP	1
25	9SS25908	ELBOW FITTING	1
	9ST13595	HOSE CONNECTOR	1
26	9ST13777-1	HOSE CLAMP	1
27	9SM8567-28	SHELLSCREEN & RADIATOR ASBLY	1
	9SL3095-5	RADIATOR SHELL ASBLY	1
	9SL3102-9	RADIATOR	1
	9SM8003	RADIATOR CAP COVER ASBLY	1
	9SS8025-12	SELF TAPPING SCREW	2
	9SL12191-1	SHROUD RADIATOR	1
	9SS29451	ISOLATION MOUNT	4
	9SS9225-76	SELF TAPPING SCREW	8
	9SS9262-187	PLAIN WASHER (SS)	4
	9ST9447-53	SCREW 1/4-20 X 1.50 SOCKET HEAD	4
	9SS9262-69	PLAIN WASHER	8
	9SE106A-2	LOCKWASHER	4
	9SCF000017	1/4-20HN	4
	9SM20542-1	FAN GUARD (PUMP SIDE)	1
	9SM20811-1	FAN GUARD (ALTERNATOR SIDE)	1
	9SM20897-1	FAN GUARD TOP	1
	9SM15045-37	ACOUSTICAL FOAM	1
	9SS8025-12	SELF TAPPING SCREW	2
	9SS8025-79	SELF TAPPING SCREW	2
	9ST14731-13	METRIC HD SCREW-M10 X 1.5	1

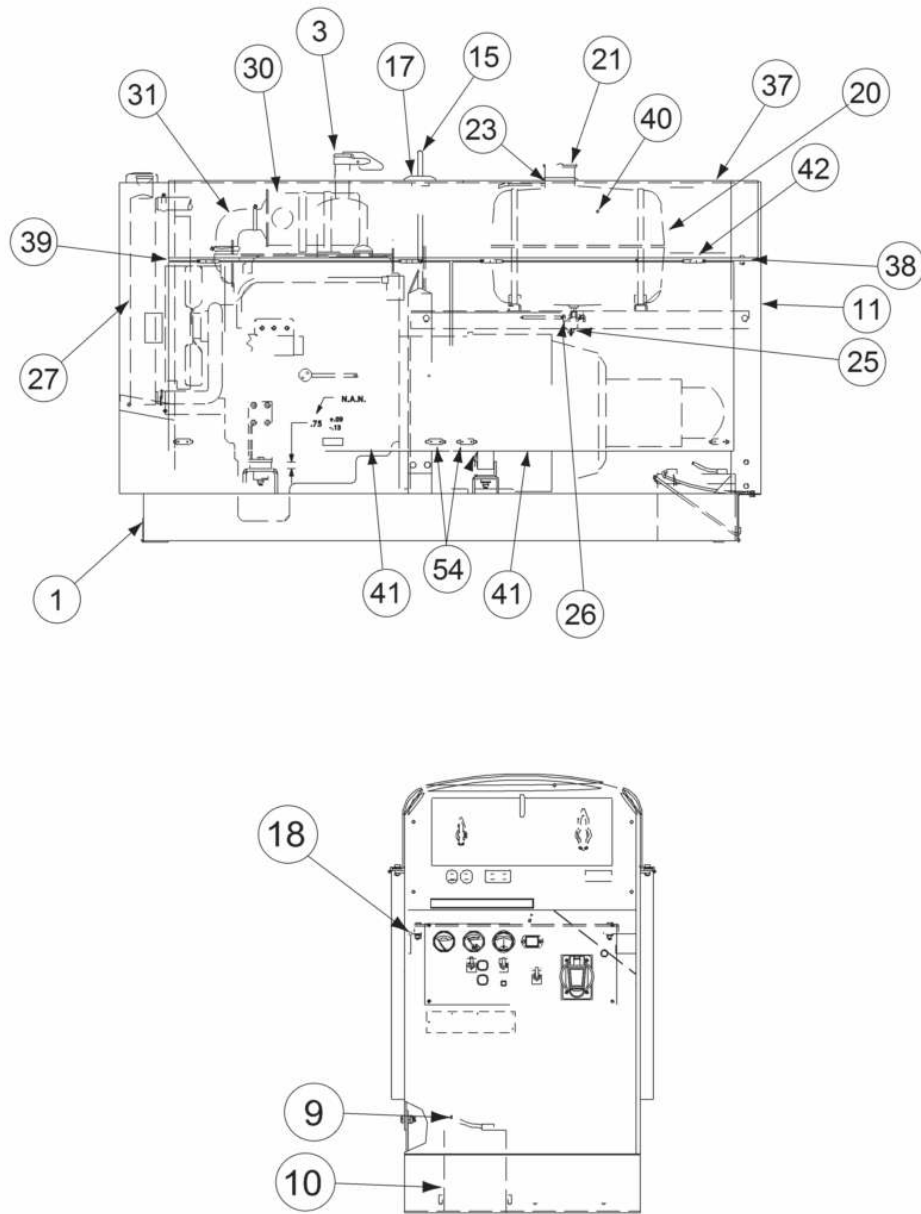
Final Assembly

KEY	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
	9SS17400-1	LOCKWASHER-METRIC	1
30	9SM20281	AIR FILTER	1
	9SM20282	MOUNTING BAND	1
	9SCF000028	5/16-18X1.25HHCS	2
	9SE106A-3	LOCKWASHER	2
	9SS9262-121	PLAIN WASHER	4
	9SCF000029	5/16-18HN	2
31	9SL12351	AIR INTAKE HOSE	1
	9SS10888-20	HOSE CLAMP	1
	9SS10888-33	HOSE CLAMP	1
37	9SL3448-27	ROOF	1
38	9ST9428	ROOF MOUNTING ANGLE	2
	9SCF000180	5/16-18X1.25SQHS-FULL-GR2-1817/1	2
	9ST9187	LOCKNUT	2
39	9ST8818	ROOF HOOK	2
	9ST9187	LOCKNUT	2
	9ST15154	DOOR BUMPER	8
41	9SL3319-C	DOOR	4
42	9SS20295	DOOR HINGE PIN	8
	9SS9776-62	RETAINING RING	1
	9SS21463	DOOR BUMPER	1
	9SS9262-98	PLAIN WASHER	1
	9SM8834-1	RIVET	1
	9ST10982-7	SPEED CLIP	1
	9SS10656-1	DOOR HOOK ASBLY	4
	9ST10878	WASHER	4
	9SS8025-92	SELF TAPPING SCREW	8
	9SS10656-2	DOOR HOOK ASBLY	4
	9ST10878	WASHER	4
	9SS8025-92	SELF TAPPING SCREW	8
54	9SS25474	DOOR RESTRAINT ASBLY	1
	9SS24739-2	MISC STAINLESS STEEL SCREW	2
	9SS9262-174	PLAIN WASHER (SS)	2
	9SE106A-22	WASHER #10 LOCK (SS)	1

Final Assembly

KEY	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
	9SCF000393	#10-24SS-HN	1
	9SS20290	SPRING CLIP	1
	9SS24739-29	#10-24X.38RHS-FULL-SS	1
	9SS9262-174	PLAIN WASHER (SS)	2
	9SE106A-22	WASHER #10 LOCK (SS)	1
	9SCF000393	#10-24SS-HN	1
	9SM18959-2	BREAKER & RECEPTACLE GUARD ASBLY	1
	9SS9225-68	THREAD FORMING SCREW (CUTTING)	2

Final Assembly



P-909-C.jpg

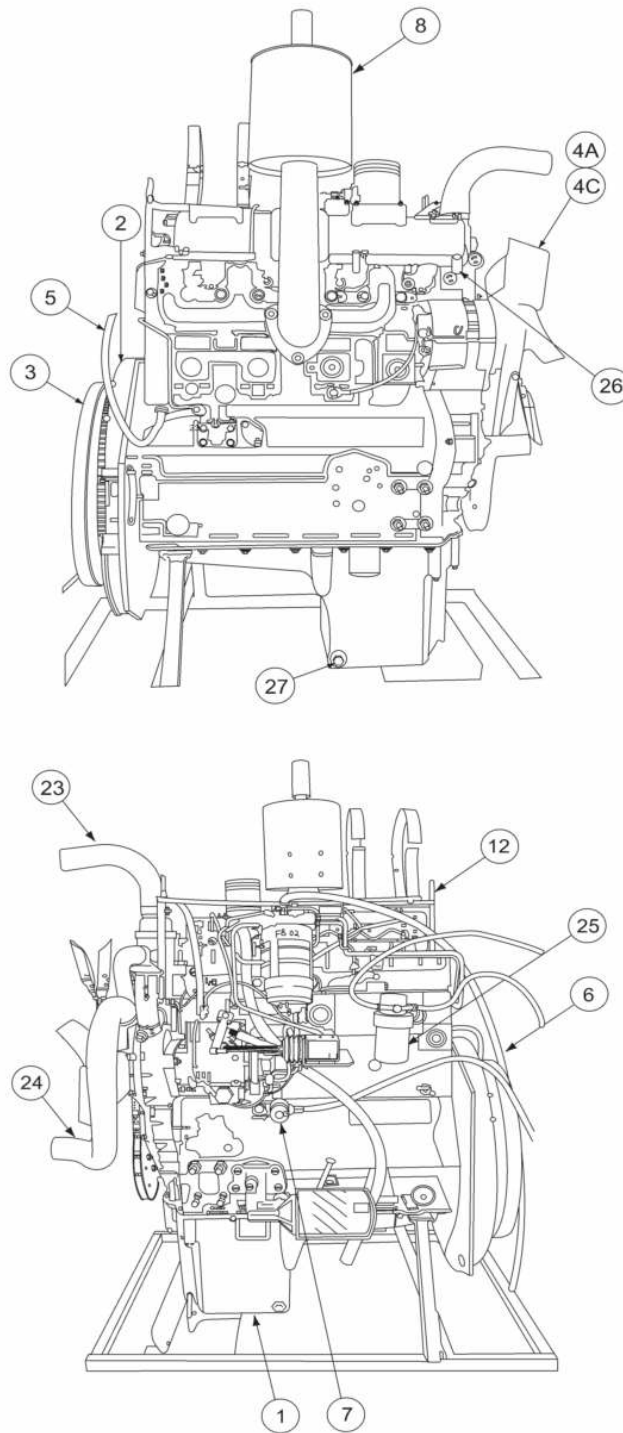
Engine Assembly

KEY	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
	9SL13352	Engine Asbly	1
1	9SM21146	Engine	1
2	9SL7342	HOUSING PLATE WELDED ASBLY	1
	9ST14731-5	METRIC HEX HD SCREW-M10 X 1.5	2
	9SS17400-1	LOCKWASHER-METRIC	2
	9ST13942	DOWEL PIN	2
3	9SM14343-5	FLYWHEEL & RING GEAR ASBLY	1
	9ST8833-36	HEX HD CAP SCREW	6
	9SE106A-15	LOCKWASHER	6
4A	9SL9815	FAN BLADE	1
	9SE106A-3	LOCKWASHER	2
6	9ST13777-1	HOSE CLAMP	6
	9ST10642-103	FLEX TUBE	1
6	9ST13777-1	HOSE CLAMP	6
	9SS24068	FUEL SHUT-OFF	1
	9ST10642-91	FLUX TUBE	1
	9ST10642-228	FLEX TUBE	1
7	9SS17026-3	OIL PRESSURE SENDER/SWITCH	1
	9SS24464-2	PIPE ADAPTOR	1
	9ST14815-6	METRIC HEX NUT-M4 X 0.7	2
8	9SL12426-1	MUFFLER	1
	9SM21158	IDLER SOLENOID ASBLY	1
	9SS20140-8	SOLENOID ASSEMBLY	1
	9SM20527-1	IDLER SOLENOID BRACKET	1
	9ST11525-5	SPEED NUT1/4-20	2
	9SS9225-66	SELF TAPPING SCREW	2
	9SE106A-2	LOCKWASHER	1
	9SS22070	IN-LINE SWIVEL	1
	9SS26643	IDLER LINKAGE	1
	9SCF000060	1/4-28HJN	1
	9SS22232	ROD END SWIVEL	1
	9SCF000015	1/4-20X1.00HHCS	1
	9SE106A-2	LOCKWASHER	1
	9SCF000017	1/4-20HN	1

Engine Assembly

KEY	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
12	9SM20532-1	AIR CLEANER BRACKET	1
	9ST14731-5	METRIC HEX HD SCREW-M10 X 1.5	2
	9SS17400-1	LOCKWASHER-METRIC	2
	9SS25632	GENERATOR/ENGINE MOUNTING KIT	1
	9SG2127	STARTER	1
	9ST8833-10	HEX HD CAP SCREW	2
	9SCF000066	3/8-16X1.50HHCS	1
	9SE106A-4	LOCKWASHER	3
	9SCF000067	3/8-16HN	1
23	9SL12349	UPPER RADIATOR HOSE	1
	9SS10888-8	HOSE CLAMP	1
	9SS10888-29	HOSE CLAMP	1
24	9SL12350	LOWER RADIATOR HOSE	1
	9SS10888-8	HOSE CLAMP	1
	9SS10888-33	HOSE CLAMP	1
25	9SM17494-2	FILTER ASSEMBLY	1
	9SM21584-B	FUEL PRE-FILTER/WATER ELEMENT	1
	9ST14731-4	METRIC HEX HD SCREW-M8 X1.25	2
	9SS9262-121	PLAIN WASHER	2
	9SE106A-3	LOCKWASHER	2
26	9SS25162	SWITCH WATER	1
	9SS25992	OIL FILTER SPACER	1
	9ST14731-3	METRIC HEX HD SCREW-M8 X1.25	2
	9SS26001	GASKET	1
	9SE106A-24	WASHER 5/16 LOCK (SS)	2
	9SS26426	AMP TO LUCAR ADAPTER	1

Engine Assembly



P-909-D.jpg

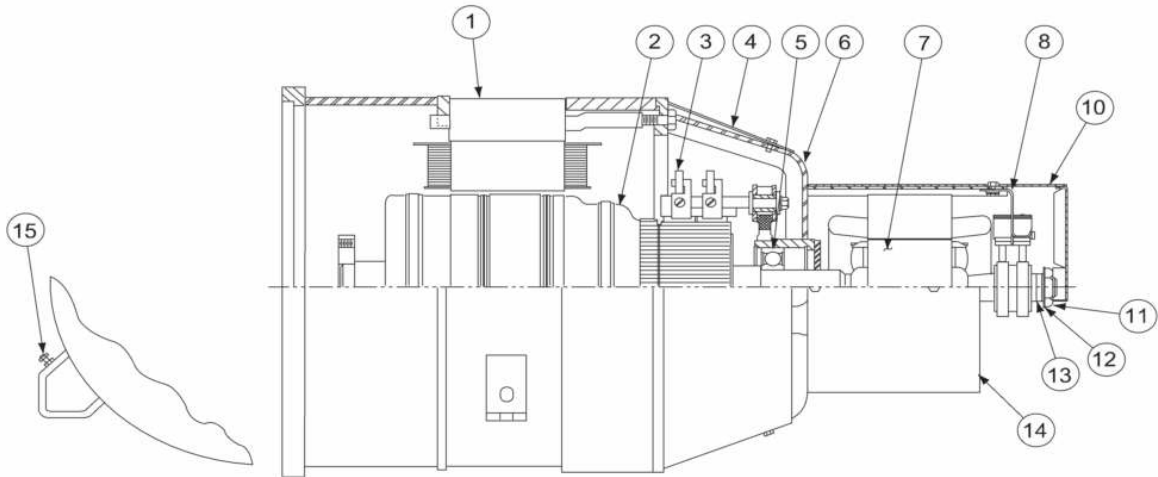
Generator-Alternator Assembly

KEY	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
	9SG1709-11	GENERATOR-ALTERNATOR ASBLY	1
1	9SM15077-4	GENERATOR FRAME ASBLY	1
	9SFKL5-AG	COIL-SET OF 2	1
	9SFKL420-T	COIL-SET OF 2	1
	9SS10745-1	MAIN POLE ASBLY	4
	9SS12261-3	INTERPOLE COIL & LAM	4
	9SS12261-3A	INTERPOLE COIL ASBLY	4
	9SS12260-3	INTERPOLE LAMINATION ASBLY	4
2	9SL2667-31	ARMATURE MAIN	1
3	9SS13247-12	BRUSH HOLDER & ROCKER ASBLY	1
	9SM6964-10	BRUSH HOLDER ASBLY	4
	9ST12564-1	BRUSH	8
	9SCF000074	5/16-18X.50HHCS	4
4	9SM5583	BRACKET GUARD	2
	9SS9225-8	THREAD FORMING SCREW (ROLLING)	4
5	9SM9300-122	BEARING310DOUBLE SYNTHETIC SEAL	1
6	9SL6795-1	END BRACKET MACHINING	1
	9SS10780-4	PIPE PLUG	1
	9SCF000277	1/2-13X1.75HHCS-1.25-GR2	4
7	9SM13641-4	M13641-4 ROTOR ASBLY	1
8	9SM16158	BRUSH & BRUSH HOLDER ASBLY	1
	9SG2114	BRUSH HOLDER CARTRIDGE	1
	9SS19480	BRUSH ASBLY	2
	9SM16157	BRUSH ASBLY RETAINER	1
	9SM19896	BRUSH HOLDER BRACKET (SS)	1
	9SCF000014	1/4-20X.75HHCS	2
	9SS9262-23	PLAIN WASHER	2
	9SE106A-2	LOCKWASHER	2
	9SCF000017	1/4-20HN	2
10	9SM13690-1	TOP EXCITER COVER WELDEDASBLY	1
	9ST9860-6	LOCKWASHER	4
	9SS9225-8	THREAD FORMING SCREW (ROLLING)	4
11	9ST6225-1	EXCITER LOCK NUT	1
12	9ST7090-1	EXCITER NUT WASHER	1

Generator-Alternator Assembly

KEY	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
13	9ST14337	ARMATURE SLEEVE COLLAR	1
14	9SM13686	BOTTOM EXCITER COVER	1
	9ST9860-6	LOCKWASHER	4
	9SS9225-8	THREAD FORMING SCREW (ROLLING)	4
15	9SCF000067	3/8-16HN	1

Generator-Alternator Assembly



P-909-E.jpg

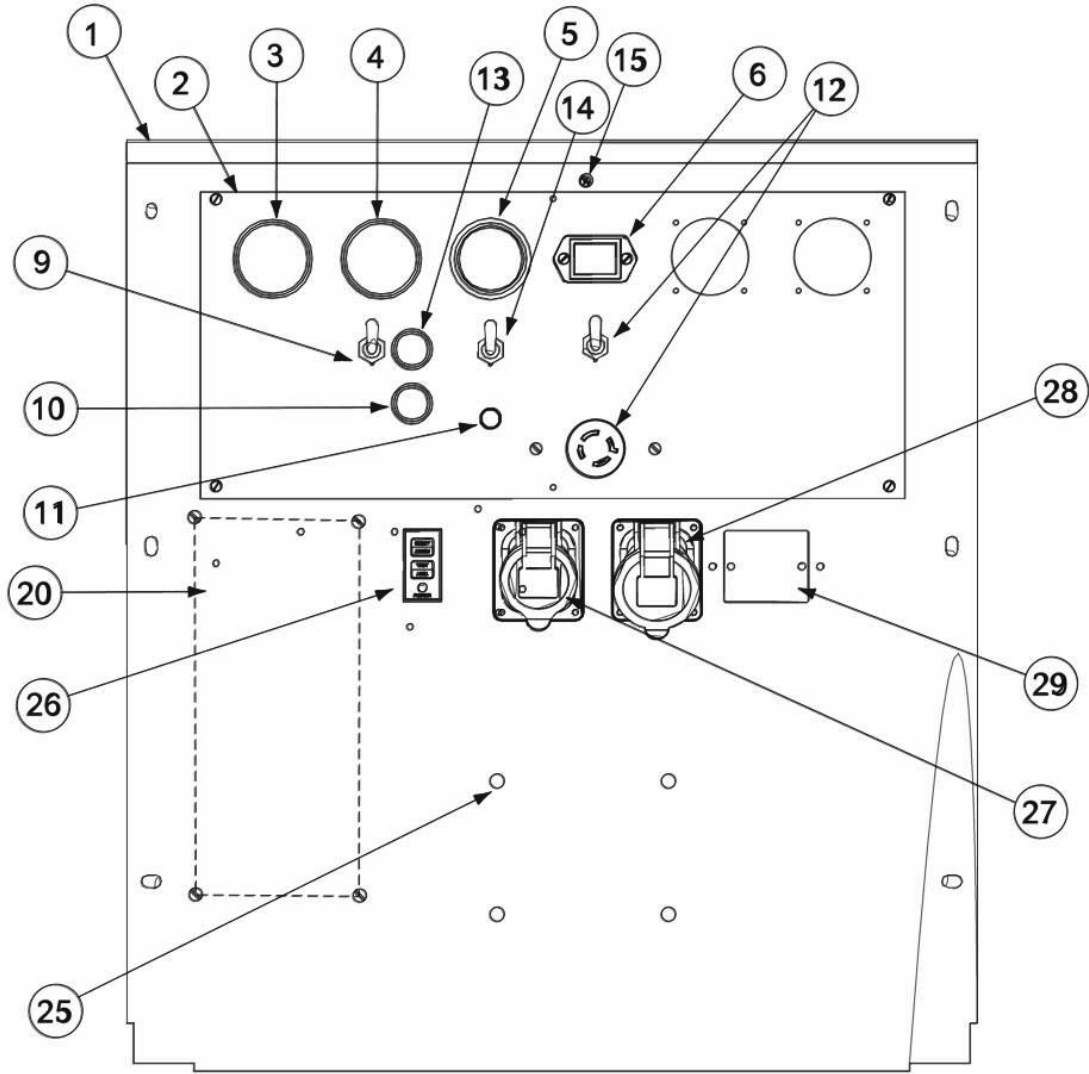
Lower Control Panel Assembly

KEY	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
	9SG8436	Lower Control Panel Assembly	1
1	9SL16774	Rear Lower Panel	1
2	9SL16780	Rear Panel Nameplate	1
	9ST14659-2	FASTENER BUTTON	4
3	9SS20206	OIL PRESSURE GAUGE	1
4	9SS25154	WATER TEMPERATURE GAUGE	1
5	9SS7514-7	AMMETER	1
6	9SM22209	FUEL/HOUR METER	1
14	9ST10800-55	TOGGLE SWITCH	1
	9SS22061-4	SEALING BOOT	1
10	9SS13146-4	SWITCH-PUSH BUTTON	1
11	9ST13534-3	PILOT LIGHT	1
12	9SM19120	SWITCH & RECEPTACLE ASBLY	1
	9ST10800-56	SWITCHTOGGLEDPDT	1
	9SS21012	RECEPTACLE	1
	9SS9225-63	THREAD FORMING SCREW (CUTTING)	4
	9ST11525-1	SPEED NUT#10-24	2
	9SS22061-4	SEALING BOOT	1
13	9SS13146-1	START BUTTON	1
14	9ST10800-55	TOGGLE SWITCH	1
	9SS22061-4	SEALING BOOT	1
15	9SS9225-36	THREAD FORMING SCREW (CUTTING)	1
	9ST9695-1	LOCKWASHER	1
	9SCF000010	#10-24HN	4
20	9SL12400-3V1	IDLER/ENGINE SHUTDOWN PC BD ASBLY	1
	9SCF000149	#10-24X1.25RHS	4
	9SS9262-27	PLAIN WASHER	4
	9SE106A-1	LOCKWASHER	4
	9SCF000010	#10-24HN	4
	9SS18250-397	PLUG & LEAD ASBLY	1
	9SG8186	Harness	1
25	9ST14659-1	FASTENER BUTTON	4
27	9SM20152-2	RECEPTACLE-115V	1
	9SS9225-63	THREAD FORMING SCREW (CUTTING)	4

Lower Control Panel Assembly

KEY	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
28	9SM20152-3	RECEPTACLE-230V	1
	9SS9225-63	THREAD FORMING SCREW (CUTTING)	4
29	9SS28004-2	COVER PLATE	1
	9SS9225-63	THREAD FORMING SCREW (CUTTING)	4
	9SM22328	RECEPTACLE GUARD	1
	9SS9225-63	THREAD FORMING SCREW (CUTTING)	4
	9SS26843-1	GFCI REWORK	1
	9SS28464	GFCI COVER	1
	9SL13286	GFCI HOUSING	1
	9SS27167	MOUNTING BRACKET	1
	9SS24738-3	THERMOPLASTIC SCREW	2

Lower Control Panel Assembly



P-909-F.jpg

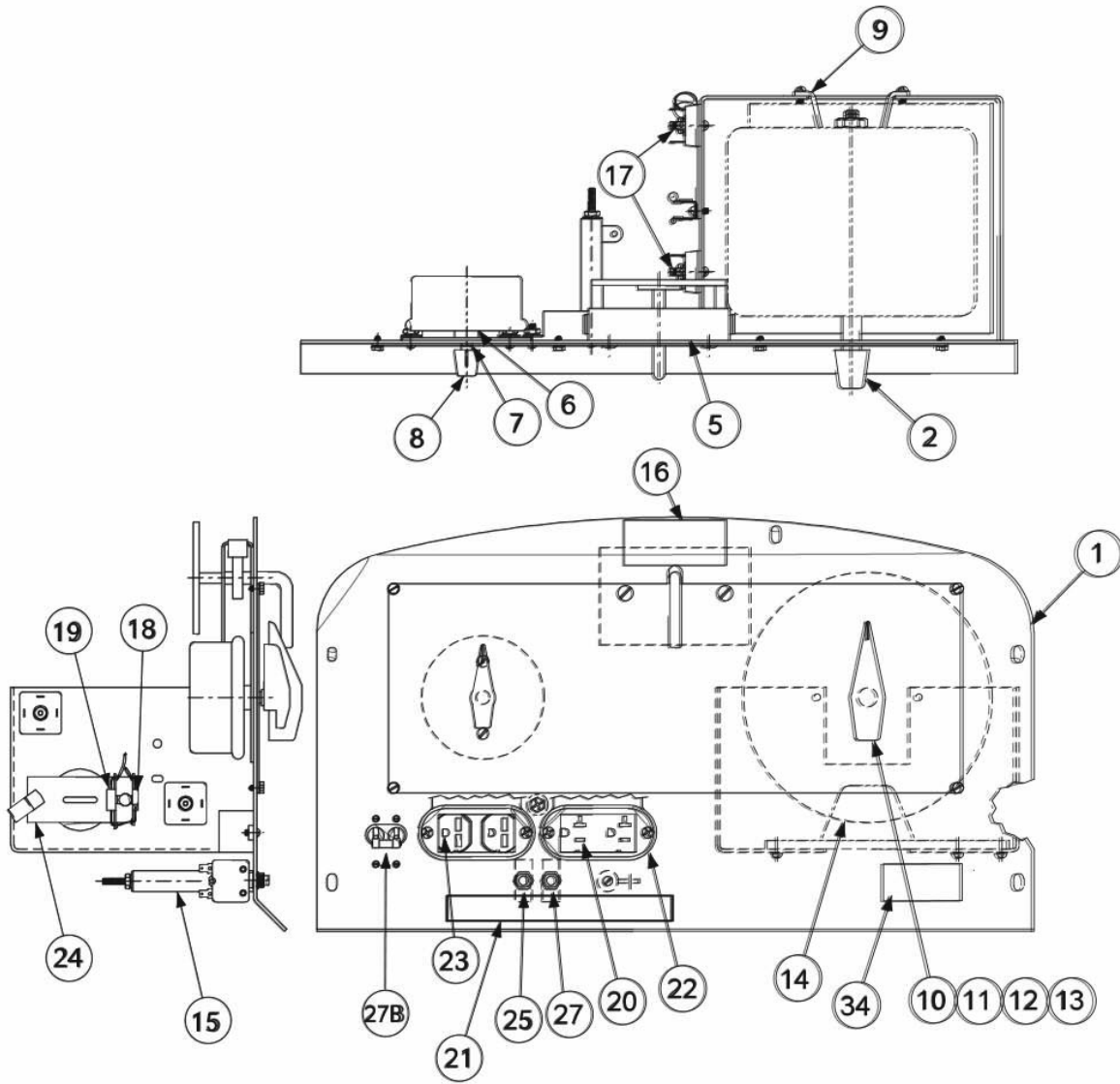
Control Panel Assembly

KEY	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
	9SL13089-3	Control Panel Asbly	1
1	9SM17602-7	REACTOR BOX & CONTROL PANEL ASBLY	1
2	9SS16664-9	CONTROL HANDLE ASBLY	1
5	9SM7057-1	REVERSING SWITCH ASBLY	1
	9SS8025-22	SELF TAPPING SCREW	2
6	9SM5090-C	RHEOSTAT	1
7	9ST10082-4	SEMS SCREW	2
8	9SS16664-13	CONTROL HANDLE ASBLY	1
9	9ST7852	BRUSH HOLDER STUD ASBLY	1
	9SS9225-8	THREAD FORMING SCREW (ROLLING)	4
10	9SM6277	BRUSH HOLDER ASBLY	1
	9SM6264	BRUSH HOLDER	1
	9ST6985	SPRING	4
	9SE106A-1	LOCKWASHER	1
	9SCF000061	SCREW #10-24X.375RHS	4
	9ST7494	BRUSH CONTACT SPRING ASBLY	4
	9ST8218	SHAFT	1
	9ST8219	INSULATING TUBE	1
	9SCF000062	5/16-18X1.00HHCS	2
11	9SS7297	REACTOR SPRING CLIP	1
12	9SS9262-41	PLAIN WASHER	1
13	9ST8236	SPRING	1
14	9SL2036-B	REACTOR	1
	9SS9225-8	THREAD FORMING SCREW (ROLLING)	4
15	9ST8280	RESISTOR-WIREWOUND	1
	9SCF000045	#10-24X5.00RHS	1
	9SE106A-1	LOCKWASHER	1
	9SCF000010	#10-24HN	1
16	9ST13339	CAUTION DECAL	1
17	9ST13637	SILICON BRIDGE ASBLY	3
	9SCF000059	#8-32X.875RHS	3
	9SS9262-3	PLAIN WASHER	4
	9ST4291-A	LOCKWASHER	4
	9SCF000042	#8-32HN	3

Control Panel Assembly

KEY	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
18	9ST13622-1	DIODE ASBLY	1
19	9SS24403	RESISTOR ASBLY	1
20	9SS20184	RECEPTACLE-DUPLEX (20A-125V)	1
21	9SS28232	INSTRUCTION DECAL	1
22	9SM16996	RECEPTACLE COVER	2
	9SS21088	RECEPTACLE GASKET	2
	9SS9225-63	THREAD FORMING SCREW (CUTTING)	4
	9ST11525-1	SPEED NUT#10-24	4
23	9SS14377	RECEPTACLE-DUPLEX	1
24	9ST10576	INSULATION	1
	9ST12563-12	LEAD CLAMP	1
	9SS8025-22	SELF TAPPING SCREW	2
25	9ST12287-22	CIRCUIT BREAKER-15A	1
27	9ST12287-31	CIRCUIT BREAKER-20A250VAC32VDC	1
	9SS22061-1	CIRCUIT BREAKER BOOT	2
	9SM20585-3	CIRCUIT BREAKER 2 POLE	1
	9SS24911-2	COVER CIRCUIT BREAKER 2 POLE	1
	9ST10082-30	SEMS SCREW	4
	9ST4291-A	LOCKWASHER	4
	9SS14165-463	RECEPTACLE & LEAD ASBLY	1
34	9SS26606	DECAL SPARK ARRESTER	1

Control Panel Assembly

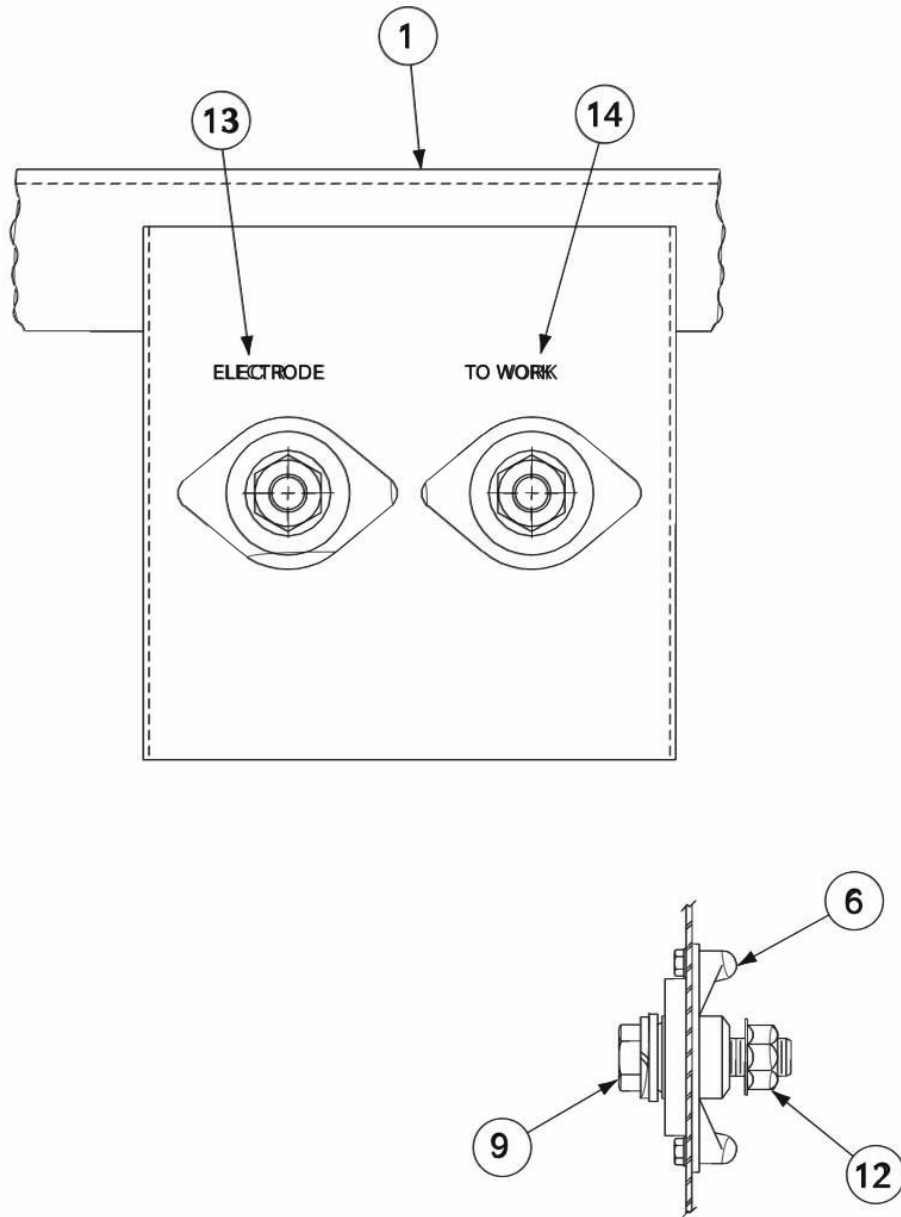


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Left Gas Tank Rail & Output Panel

KEY	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
	9SL6399-2	LEFT GAS TANK RAIL & OUTPUT PANEL	1
1	9SM9735-11	RAIL & OUTPUT PANEL ASBLY	1
6	9ST14166-9	OUTPUT TERMINAL KIT	2
	9SCF000030	1/2-13X1.25HHCS	2
	9SE106A-5	LOCKWASHER	2
	9SCF000027	1/2-13HN	2
	9SS9262-1	PLAIN WASHER	1
9	9SCF000020	1/2-13X.75HHCS	1
	9SCF000344	HEX HD SCREW	1
	9SS9262-1	PLAIN WASHER	1
	9SE106A-15	LOCKWASHER	1
12	9ST3960	FLANGE NUT	2
13	9SS25371	DECALELECTRODE	1
14	9SS25372	DECALTO WORK	1

Left Gas Tank Rail & Output Panel

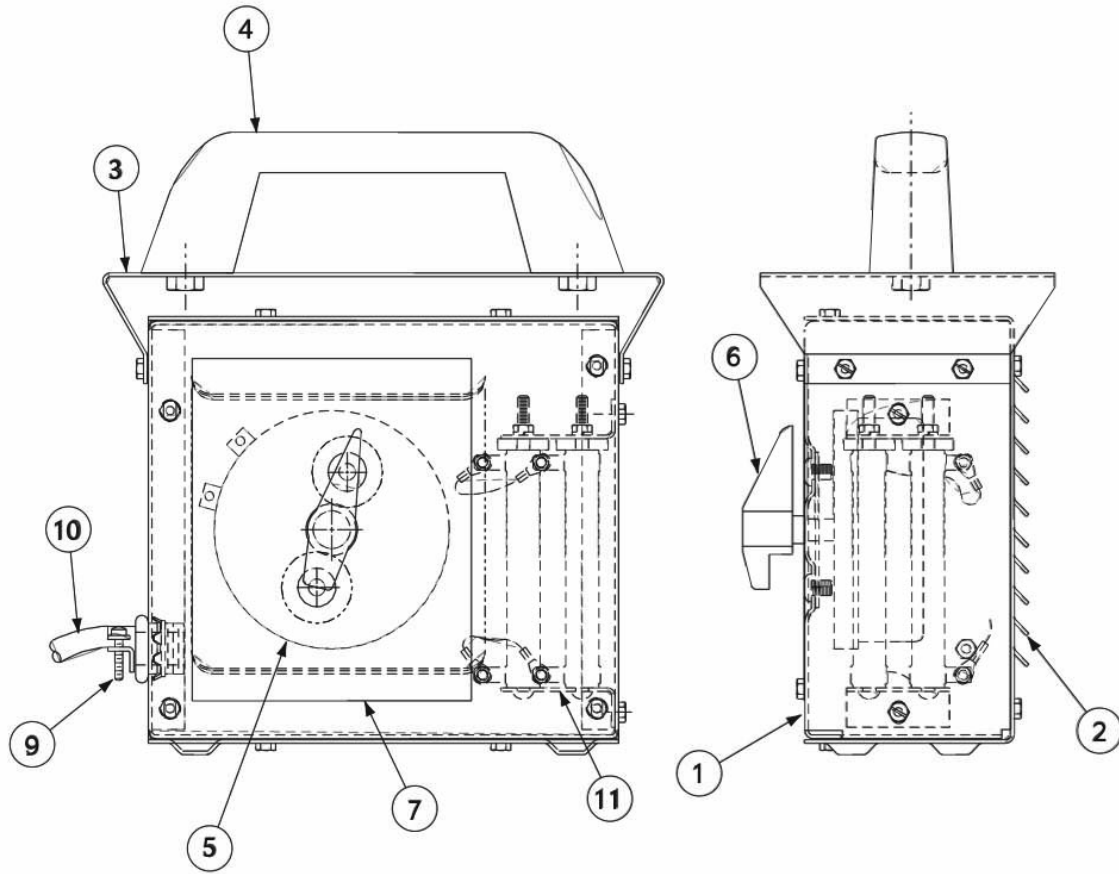


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Remote Control

KEY	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
	9SL9303-1	FINAL ASBLY-REMOTE CONTROL	1
1	9SL9253	CONTROL BOX	1
2	9SL9252	WRAPAROUND	1
	9SS8025-91	SELF TAPPING SCREW	4
3	9SL9254	HANDLE MTG BRKT	1
	9SS8025-91	SELF TAPPING SCREW	4
4	9SM15446	HANDLE	1
	9SS9225-53	THREAD FORMING SCREW	2
5	9SM5090-C	RHEOSTAT	1
	9SCF000170	1/4-20X.375HHB	2
	9SE106A-2	LOCKWASHER	1
6	9SS16664-13	CONTROL HANDLE ASBLY	1
7	9SM17267	NAMEPLATE-REMOTE CONTROL	1
	9SS9225-30	THREAD FORMING SCREW (CUTTING)	1
	9ST9695-1	LOCKWASHER	1
	9SCF000010	#10-24HN	3
9	9ST9639-2	BOX CONNECTOR	1
10	9SS21007	CABLE ASBLY	1
	9SCF000102	#8-32X.50BR-RHS	6
	9SCF000103	#8-32BR-HN	1
11	9SM17285	RESISTOR BANK ASBLY	1
	9SS21009	RESISTOR MTG BRKT	2
	9SS10404-22	RESISTOR-WIREWOUND	3
	9SCF000045	#10-24X5.00RHS	3
	9ST4479-A	INSULATING WASHER	3
	9SE106A-1	LOCKWASHER	3
	9SCF000010	#10-24HN	3
	9SCF000102	#8-32X.50BR-RHS	6
	9SCF000103	#8-32BR-HN	1
	9SS8025-92	SELF TAPPING SCREW	2

Remote Control

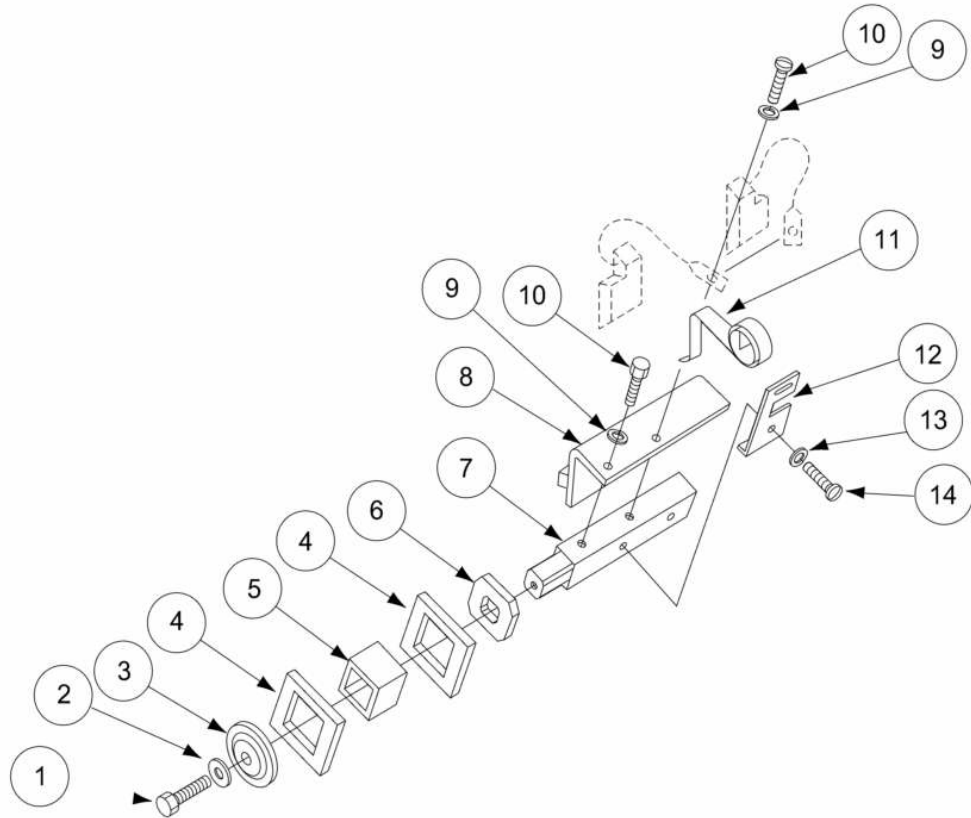


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Generator Brush Holder

KEY	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
	9SM6964-10	BRUSH HOLDER ASBLY	1
1	9SCF000018	3/8-16X.625HHCS	1
2	9SE106A-16	LOCKWASHER	1
3	9ST2414	CLAMPING WASHER	1
4	9ST4479	INSULATING WASHER	2
5	9SS13721-2	BRUSH HOLDER STUD INSULATION	1
6	9ST9020	PLAIN WASHER	1
7	9SM6963-6	BRUSH HOLDER STUD	1
8	9SM6304-2B	RETAINER	1
13	9SE106A-3	LOCKWASHER	2
14	9SCF000040	5/16-18X.75HHCS	2
11	9ST8495	BRUSH HOLDER SPRING & CLIP ASBLY	2
12	9ST8241	Brush Holder Spring Clip	2
13	9SE106A-3	LOCKWASHER	2
14	9SCF000040	5/16-18X.75HHCS	2

Generator Brush Holder

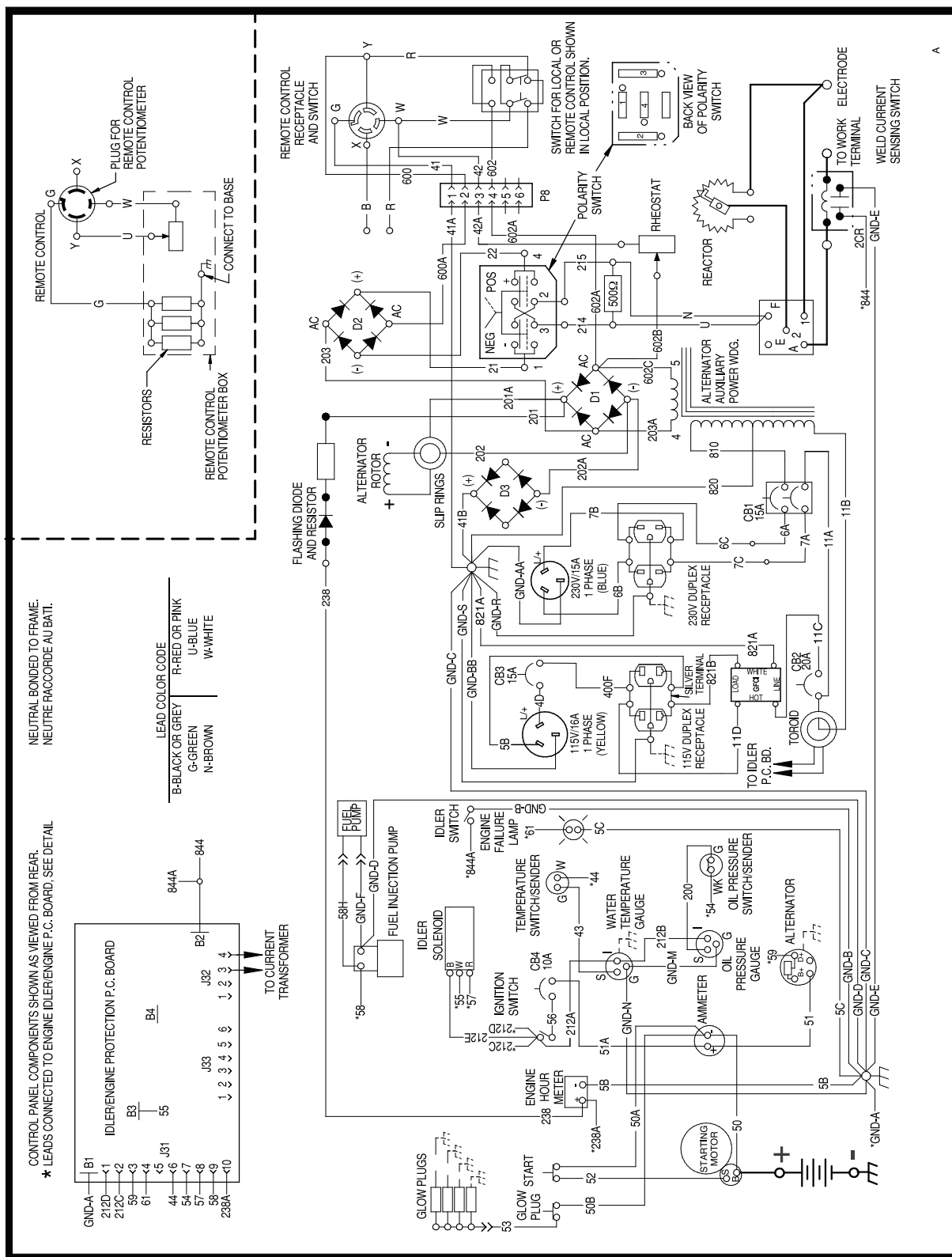


P-909-K.jpg

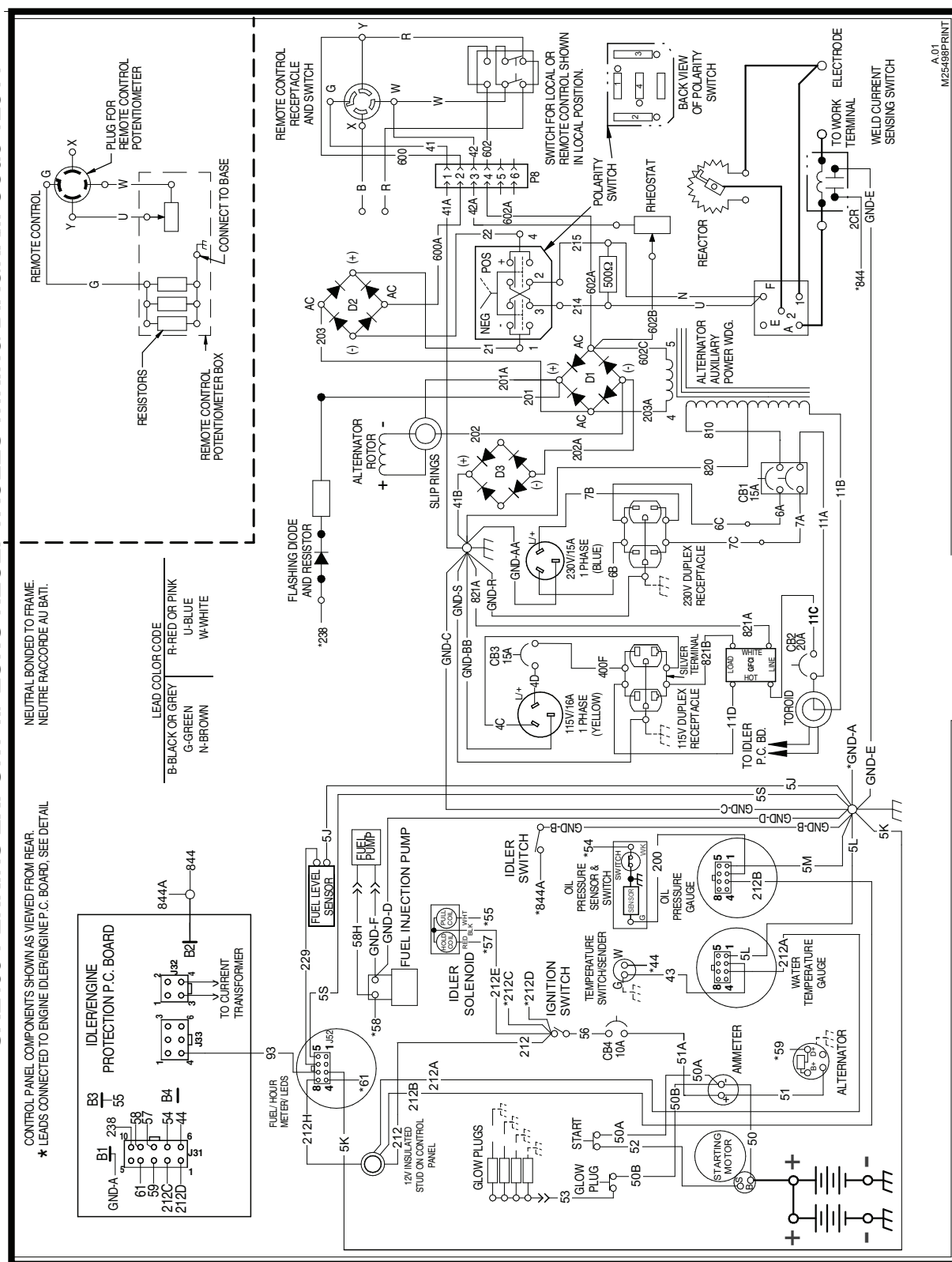
F-1

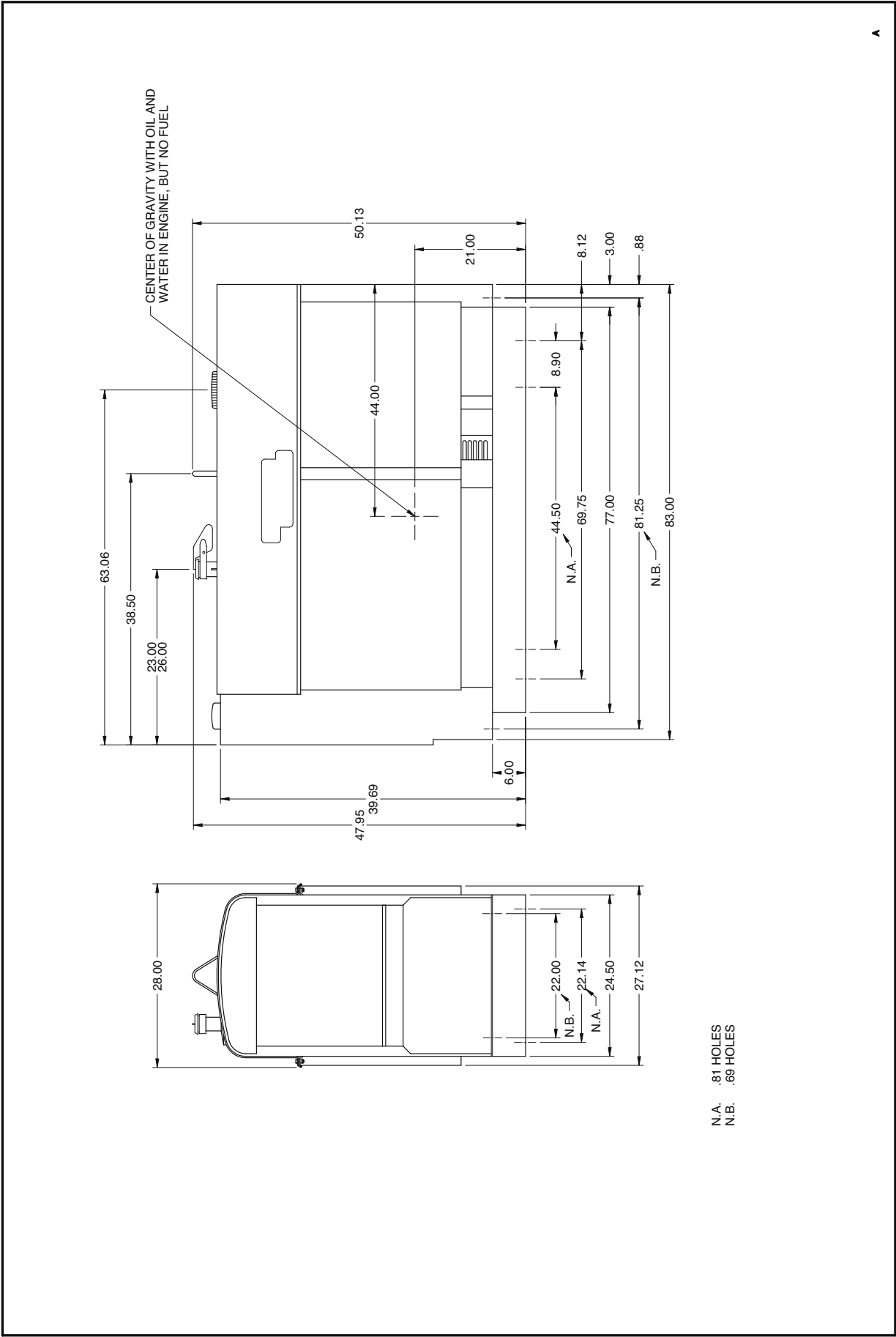
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NOTE: This diagram is for reference only. It may not be accurate for all machines covered by this manual. The specific diagram for a particular code is pasted inside the machine on one of the enclosure panels.



SAE400 PERKINS EXPORT w/ EURO RECEPTACLES WIRING DIAGRAM Code 12311





M8869-36

A

INSTRUCTIONS FOR INSTALLING A 2-POLE RESIDUAL CURRENT DEVICE TO PROTECT THE 230V SINGLE PHASE RECEPTACLES.

 WARNING	
 ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill • Do not operate with panels open. • Disconnect NEGATIVE (-) BATTERY LEAD(S) from ground before servicing. • Do not touch electrically live parts.	 MOVING PARTS can injure • Keep guards in place. • Keep away from moving parts. • Only qualified personnel should install, use or service this equipment.

1. Turn welder off, then disconnect the negative battery cable.
2. Remove the RCD cover plate located on the lower control panel next to the 230V euro receptacle on the outside of the machine. Discard the cover plate and keep the screws for later use.
3. Remove the RCD cover box from the lower control panel. Keep screws, RCD cover box, and RCD mounting bracket that is inside RCD cover box for later use.
4. Cut off existing insulated terminals from leads inside the box. Strip all 4 lead ends to 13mm (.50 in.).
5. Connect red leads (6A & 7A) into top terminals of the RCD and connect black leads (6C & 7C) into bottom terminals of RCD. Tighten leads to 2.4 NM (21 in-lb). Note: leads must be connected as shown in Figure 2 to insure proper operation of the RCD. Coat area where leads connect to RCD with a silicone rubber RTV sealant.
6. Insert the sealing boot through the RCD cut out in the lower control panel. Then insert the RCD. Mount the RCD by using the RCD bracket set aside in step 3 and the screws set aside in step 2.
7. Mount the RCD cover box to the lower control panel using the screws set aside in step 3. Make sure the sleeving that is covering the leads is inserted in the opening on the side of the RCD cover box and is protecting the leads.
8. Reconnect the negative battery cable.

The unit is now ready for operation.

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FIGURE 1

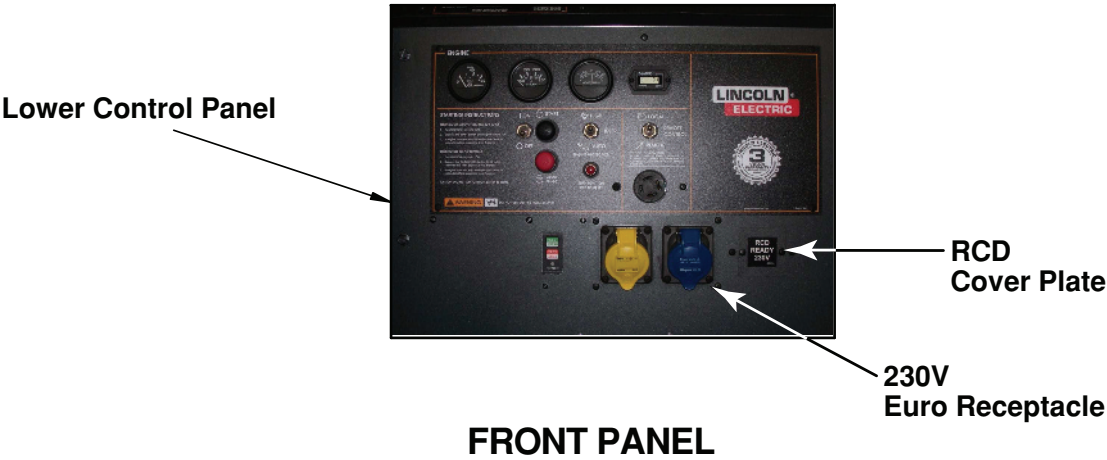


FIGURE 2

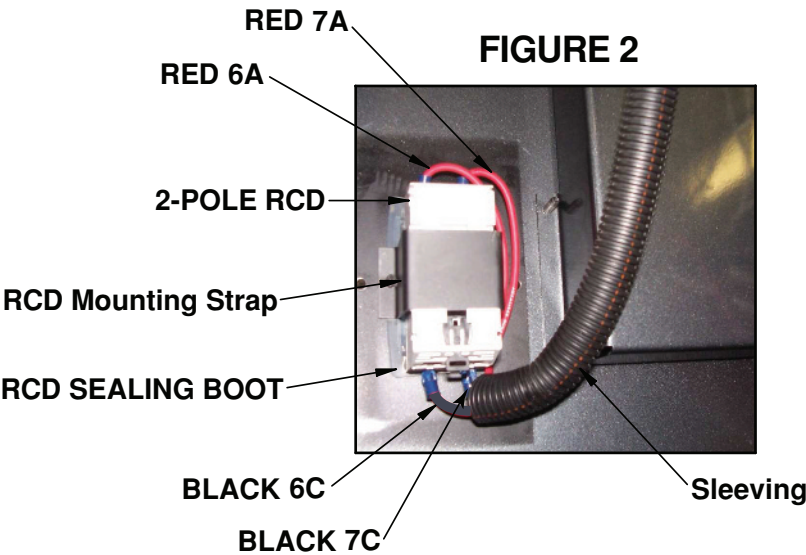
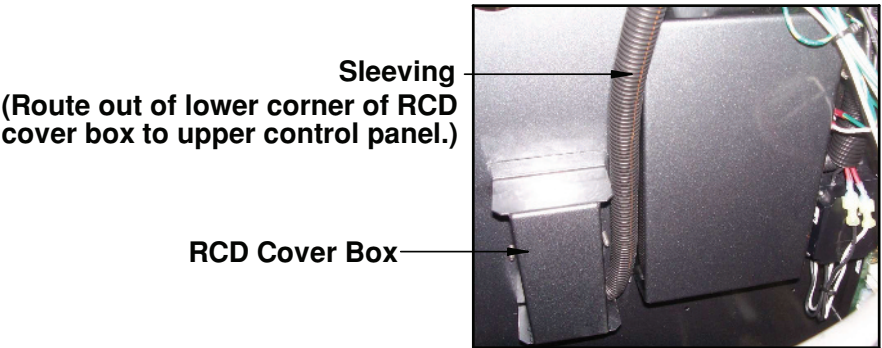


FIGURE 3



BACK PANEL

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WARNING	- Do not touch electrically live parts or electrode with skin or wet clothing. - Insulate yourself from work and ground.	Keep flammable materials away.	Wear eye, ear and body protection.
Spanish AVISO DE PRECAUCION	- No toque las partes o los electrodos bajo carga con la piel o ropa mojada. - Aíslese del trabajo y de la tierra.	Mantenga el material combustible fuera del área de trabajo.	Protéjase los ojos, los oídos y el cuerpo.
French ATTENTION	- Ne laissez ni la peau ni des vêtements mouillés entrer en contact avec des pièces sous tension. - Isolez-vous du travail et de la terre.	Gardez à l'écart de tout matériel inflammable.	Protégez vos yeux, vos oreilles et votre corps.
German WARNUNG	- Berühren Sie keine stromführenden Teile oder Elektroden mit Ihrem Körper oder feuchter Kleidung! - Isolieren Sie sich von den Elektroden und dem Erdboden!	Entfernen Sie brennbares Material!	Tragen Sie Augen-, Ohren- und Körperschutz!
Portuguese ATENÇÃO	- Não toque partes elétricas e electrodos com a pele ou roupa molhada. - Isole-se da peça e terra.	Mantenha inflamáveis bem guardados.	Use proteção para a vista, ouvido e corpo.
Japanese 注意事項	- 通電中の電気部品、又は溶材にヒフやぬれた布で触れないこと。 - 施工物やアースから身体が絶縁されている様にして下さい。	燃えやすいものの側での溶接作業は絶対にしてはなりません。	目、耳及び身体に保護具をして下さい。
Chinese 警告	- 皮肤或湿衣物切勿接触带电部件及焊条。 - 使你自己与地面和工件绝缘。	把一切易燃物品移离工作场所。	佩戴眼、耳及身体劳动保护用具。
Korean 위험	- 전도체나 용접봉을 젖은 형갑 또는 피부로 절대 접촉치 마십시오. - 모재와 접지를 접촉치 마십시오.	인화성 물질을 접근시키지 마십시오.	눈, 귀와 몸에 보호장구를 착용하십시오.
Arabic تحذير	- لا تلمس الاجزاء التي يسري فيها التيار الكهربائي أو الألكترود بجسد الجسم أو بالملابس المبللة بالماء. - ضع عازلًا على جسمك خلال العمل.	ضع المواد القابلة للاشتعال في مكان بعيد.	ضع أدوات وملابس واقية على عينيك وأذنيك وجسمك.

READ AND UNDERSTAND THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTION FOR THIS EQUIPMENT AND THE CONSUMABLES TO BE USED AND FOLLOW YOUR EMPLOYER'S SAFETY PRACTICES.

SE RECOMIENDA LEER Y ENTENDER LAS INSTRUCCIONES DEL FABRICANTE PARA EL USO DE ESTE EQUIPO Y LOS CONSUMIBLES QUE VA A UTILIZAR, SIGA LAS MEDIDAS DE SEGURIDAD DE SU SUPERVISOR.

LISEZ ET COMPRENEZ LES INSTRUCTIONS DU FABRICANT EN CE QUI REGARDE CET EQUIPMENT ET LES PRODUITS A ETRE EMPLOYES ET SUIVEZ LES PROCEDURES DE SECURITE DE VOTRE EMPLOYEUR.

LESEN SIE UND BEFOLGEN SIE DIE BETRIEBSANLEITUNG DER ANLAGE UND DEN ELEKTRODENEINSATZ DES HERSTELLERS. DIE UNFALLVERHÜTUNGSVORSCHRIFTEN DES ARBEITGEBERS SIND EBENFALLS ZU BEACHTEN.

			
● Keep your head out of fumes. ● Use ventilation or exhaust to remove fumes from breathing zone.	● Turn power off before servicing.	● Do not operate with panel open or guards off.	WARNING
● Los humos fuera de la zona de respiración. ● Mantenga la cabeza fuera de los humos. Utilice ventilación o aspiración para gases.	● Desconectar el cable de alimentación de poder de la máquina antes de iniciar cualquier servicio.	● No operar con panel abierto o guardas quitadas.	Spanish AVISO DE PRECAUCION
● Gardez la tête à l'écart des fumées. ● Utilisez un ventilateur ou un aspirateur pour ôter les fumées des zones de travail.	● Débranchez le courant avant l'entretien.	● N'opérez pas avec les panneaux ouverts ou avec les dispositifs de protection enlevés.	French ATTENTION
● Vermeiden Sie das Einatmen von Schweißrauch! ● Sorgen Sie für gute Be- und Entlüftung des Arbeitsplatzes!	● Strom vor Wartungsarbeiten abschalten! (Netzstrom völlig öffnen; Maschine anhalten!)	● Anlage nie ohne Schutzgehäuse oder Innenschutzverkleidung in Betrieb setzen!	German WARNUNG
● Mantenha seu rosto da fumaça. ● Use ventilação e exaustão para remover fumo da zona respiratória.	● Não opere com as tampas removidas. ● Desligue a corrente antes de fazer serviço. ● Não toque as partes elétricas nuas.	● Mantenha-se afastado das partes moventes. ● Não opere com os painéis abertos ou guardas removidas.	Portuguese ATENÇÃO
● ヒュームから頭を離すようにして下さい。 ● 換気や排煙に十分留意して下さい。	● メンテナンス・サービスに取りかかる際には、まず電源スイッチを必ず切して下さい。	● パネルやカバーを取り外したまま機械操作をしないで下さい。	Japanese 注意事項
● 頭部遠離煙霧。 ● 在呼吸區使用通風或排風器除煙。	● 維修前切斷電源。	● 儀表板打開或沒有安全罩時不準作業。	Chinese 警告
● 얼굴로부터 용접가스를 멀리하십시오. ● 호흡지역으로부터 용접가스를 제거하기 위해 가스제거기나 통풍기를 사용하십시오.	● 보수전에 전원을 차단하십시오.	● 판넬이 열린 상태로 작동치 마십시오.	Korean 위험
● ابتعد رأسك بعيداً عن الدخان. ● استعمل التهوية أو جهاز ضغط الدخان للخارج لكي تبعد الدخان عن المنطقة التي تتنفس فيها.	● أقطع التيار الكهربائي قبل القيام بأية صيانة.	● لا تشغيل هذا الجهاز اذا كانت الاغطية الحديدية الواقية ليست عليه.	Arabic تحذير

LEIA E COMPREENDA AS INSTRUÇÕES DO FABRICANTE PARA ESTE EQUIPAMENTO E AS PARTES DE USO, E SIGA AS PRÁTICAS DE SEGURANÇA DO EMPREGADOR.

使う機械や溶材のメーカーの指示書をよく読み、まず理解して下さい。そして貴社の安全規定に従って下さい。

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